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GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE COMPANY AND ITS SHARE CAPITAL

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3.1 General Description of the Company

3.1.1 Commercial and Corporate Names, Seat and Registered Office

Commercial Name: EADS

Seat (*statutaire zetel*): Amsterdam

Corporate Name: European Aeronautic Defence and Space Company EADS N.V.

Tel: +31.20.655.48.00

Registered Office: Le Carré, Beechavenue 130-132, 1119 PR, Schiphol-Rijk, the Netherlands

Fax: +31.20.655.48.01

3.1.2 Legal Form

The Company is a public limited liability company (*naamloze vennootschap*) organised under the laws of the Netherlands.

As a company operating worldwide, EADS is subject to, and operates under, the laws of each country in which it conducts business.

3.1.3 Governing Laws

The Company is governed by the laws of the Netherlands, in particular by Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and by its Articles of Association (the “**Articles of Association**”). The shares of the Company have been admitted for trading at the Traded but Not Listed Segment of Euronext Amsterdam.

The Company is subject to various legal provisions of the Dutch Financial Supervision Act (*Wet op het financieel toezicht*) (the “**WFT**”). These are summarised below.

Pursuant to section 5:60 of the WFT, certain persons discharging managerial responsibilities within the Company and, where applicable, persons closely associated with them (together “**Insiders**”, as defined below) must notify the Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets (*Autoriteit Financiële Markten* (the “**AFM**”)) of all transactions conducted on their own account relating to shares of the Company, or to derivatives or other financial instruments linked to them. In principle, failure to comply with the requirements of the WFT is a criminal offence punishable by criminal and administrative penalties in the Netherlands.

In particular, “**Insiders**” include (i) members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee of the Company, (ii) certain senior executives, (iii) persons closely associated with any person mentioned under categories (i) and (ii) (including their spouses, dependent children and other relatives who have shared the same household), and (iv) legal entities, trusts or partnerships whose managerial responsibilities are discharged by any person referred to in point (i), (ii) or (iii) or which are directly or indirectly controlled by such a person, or that have been set up for the benefit of such a person, or whose economic interests are substantially equivalent to those of such a person.

Pursuant to Dutch law, EADS has adopted specific internal insider trading rules (the “**Insider Trading Rules**”), in order to ensure the confidentiality of sensitive company information, the transparency of EADS share trading and the compliance of EADS share trading rules with share trading regulations applicable in the Netherlands, France, Germany and Spain (for examples of Dutch, German, Spanish and French disclosure requirements applicable to members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee, see “3.1.11 Disclosure of Holdings – Disclosure Requirements for Members of the Board of

Directors and of the Executive Committee”). Pursuant to the Insider Trading Rules, (i) all employees and directors are prohibited from conducting transactions in EADS shares or stock options if they have inside information, and (ii) certain persons are only allowed to trade in EADS shares or stock options within very limited periods and have specific information obligations to the compliance officer of the Company and the competent financial market authorities with respect to certain transactions. The updated version of the Insider Trading Rules effective 1st January 2007 is available on the Company’s website.

Hans Peter Ring, Chief Operating Officer for Finance of EADS, was appointed Compliance Officer by the Board of Directors of EADS. The Compliance Officer is essentially responsible for the implementation of the Insider Trading Rules and for reporting to the AFM.

Pursuant to section 5:59 paragraph 7 of the WFT, the Company has to maintain a list with all persons working for it by virtue of a labour relationship or otherwise, who may have access to inside information. Equivalent requirements exist under French, German and Spanish law.

In addition, given the fact that its shares are admitted for trading on a regulated market in France, Germany and Spain, the Company is subject to certain laws and regulations in these three jurisdictions. A summary of the main regulations applicable to the Company in relation to information to be made public in these three jurisdictions is set out below.

3.1.3.1 Periodic Disclosure Obligations

Pursuant to the Directive 2004/109/EC on the harmonisation of transparency requirements in relation to information about issuers whose securities are admitted to trading on a regulated market (the “**Transparency Directive**”), EADS is required to disclose certain periodic and ongoing information (the “**Regulated Information**”). The expiry date for the implementation of the Transparency Directive by the Member States of the European Community was 20th January 2007.

Pursuant to the Transparency Directive, EADS must disseminate Regulated Information throughout the European Community in a manner ensuring fast access to such information on a non-discriminatory basis. For this purpose, EADS may use a professional service provider (wire). In addition, Regulated Information must be filed at the same time with the relevant competent market authority. EADS shall then ensure that Regulated Information remains publicly available for at least five years.

Finally, Regulated Information must be made available for central storage by a mechanism that is to be officially designated by the issuer’s home member state.

Dutch Regulations

For the purpose of the Transparency Directive, supervision of EADS is effected by the member state in which it maintains its registered office, which is the Netherlands. In addition, the competent market authority that shall assume final responsibility for supervising compliance by EADS shall be the competent market authority designated in the Netherlands, the AFM.

As of the date of this document, the Netherlands has implemented provisions in respect of the requirements on notification of the acquisition of disposal on major holdings and major proportions of voting rights held by shareholders (See “3.1.11 Disclosure of Holdings”), but not in relation to other disclosure requirements.

Once the Transparency Directive is fully implemented in the Netherlands, EADS will be subject to a number of periodic disclosure requirements, such as:

- publishing a financial report, together with an audit report drawn up by an external accountant, ultimately four months after the end of each financial year;
- publishing a semi-annual financial report covering the first six months of the financial year ultimately two months after the end of the first six months of the financial year; and
- publishing quarterly financial information.

In addition to the requirements of the Transparency Directive, pursuant to section 5:15 of the WFT, resulting from the implementation of the EC Directive 2003/71 dated 4th November 2003, the Company may prepare a registration document, the purpose of which is to provide legal and financial information on the Company (shareholding, activities, management, recent events, possible evolution and other financial information). In practice, the registration document of the Company may be used as a prospectus provided it is supplemented with a securities note and a summary approved by the AFM. Such registration document is filed for approval with the AFM and, once approved, is made available to the public.

Additionally, and pursuant to section 5:24 of the WFT also resulting from the implementation of the EC Directive 2003/71, the Company is required to provide at least annually a list of certain corporate and financial documents or other information that it has published or made available to the public over the last 12 months and details of where these documents can be obtained (see “3.5 Annual Securities Disclosure Report”).

French Regulations

Since the Transparency Directive has been implemented in France on 20th January 2007, EADS is no longer obliged to comply with certain disclosure obligations pursuant to the general regulations of the *Autorité des marchés financiers* (the “AMF”).

In line with the requirement set forth in the Transparency Directive to disseminate Regulated Information throughout the European Community, EADS is required to provide simultaneously in France the same information as that provided abroad.

German Regulations

Since the Transparency Directive has been implemented in Germany on 20th January 2007, EADS is no longer obliged to comply with certain German law disclosure obligations according to the German Stock Exchange Act (*Börsengesetz*) and the German Stock Exchange Admissions Regulation (*Börsenzulassungs-Verordnung*).

Due to the listing of the Company's shares in the *amtlicher Markt* (specifically, in the sub-segment of the *amtlicher Markt, the Prime Standard*) on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange, the Company is subject to the post-listing obligations described below. In addition, the Company is included in the selection index MDAX, the MidCap index of *Deutsche Börse AG*.

According to sections 62 and 63 of the Exchange Rules (*Börsenordnung*) of the Frankfurt Stock Exchange, the listing in the *Prime Standard* of the *amtlicher Markt* results in the obligation of the Company to publish consolidated annual accounts as well as quarterly reports.

In addition, the Company is required as a result of its listing in the *amtlicher Markt (Prime Standard)* to prepare a continuous update of a corporate action timetable at the beginning of each fiscal year. The Company is also required to hold a meeting of analysts at least once a year in addition to the press conference regarding the balance sheet.

Save for certain exemptions, the Company has to apply for admission of shares issued at a later date to the *amtlicher Markt* of the Frankfurt Stock Exchange, see section 69 of the German Stock Exchange Admissions Regulation.

Spanish Regulations

As of the date of this document, the Transparency Directive has not been implemented in Spain yet. Therefore, pending the implementation of the Transparency Directive in Spain, EADS remains subject to the following regulations as set out below.

Pursuant to the Ministerial Order of 18th January 1991, the Company is required to file with the *Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores* (the “CNMV”) and with the relevant Spanish stock exchange authorities (who will disclose it to the market), relevant information regarding its financial situation for each half year and which is communicated, for each 30th June and 31st December, no later than the following 1st September and 1st March respectively. If after this communication the annual accounts are produced by the Board of Directors and they do not conform with the half-yearly information for 31st December, the Board of Directors must disclose this inconsistency in the following ten trading days. An exemption from the obligation to publish quarterly information of a financial or economic nature was obtained from the CNMV.

According to Article 35 of the Spanish Securities Market Act 24/1988, of 28th July 1988, as amended (the “**Spanish Securities Act**”) and Order EHA/3050/2004 of 15th September, the Company must provide detailed information, including, without limitation, the number and amount of the transactions, in relation to every transaction carried out with any related party in the half-yearly information which the Company is required to file with the CNMV and the Spanish Stock Exchanges, without prejudice to information to be included in the annual corporate governance report to be filed with the CNMV on an annual basis (the “**Annual Corporate Governance report**”) pursuant to the Ministry of Economy Order 3722/2003 dated 26th December 2003 (the “**Ministerial Order**”).

Pursuant to the Spanish Securities Act, the Company has to provide detailed information about transactions carried out with (i) directors which are outside the ordinary activity of the Company or which are not in market conditions; and (ii) any related party transaction which are material due to their amount or for an adequate understanding of the public economic information.

EADS discloses such information in its Registration Document.

3.1.3.2 Ongoing Disclosure Obligations

Pursuant to the Transparency Directive, Regulated Information includes in particular inside information as defined pursuant to article 6 of Directive EC/2003/6 on insider dealing and market manipulation (the “**Market Abuse Directive**”). Such information must be disseminated throughout the European Community (see introduction to section “3.1.3.1 Periodic Disclosure Obligations”)

Inside information shall mean information of a precise nature which has not been made public, relating, directly or indirectly, to one or more issuers of financial instruments or to one or

more financial instruments and which, if it were made public, would be likely to have a significant effect on the prices of those financial instruments or on the price of related derivative financial instruments.

Inside information must be disclosed to the markets as soon as possible. However, an issuer may under his own responsibility delay the public disclosure of inside information such as not to prejudice his legitimate interests provided that such omission would not be likely to mislead the public and provided that the issuer is able to ensure the confidentiality of that information.

Dutch Regulations

Upon implementation of the Transparency Directive into Dutch law, EADS will disclose and disseminate throughout the European Community any inside information pursuant to the requirements that shall be set out under such law, which has not been yet defined in the Netherlands.

French Regulations

Upon implementation of the Transparency Directive into the general regulations of the AMF (the “**AMF General Regulations**”) on 20th January 2007, the French requirements to publish inside information in France according to Article 223-1 and following of the AMF General Regulations no longer apply to EADS.

However, any inside information as defined above will be disclosed in France beyond the means of dissemination throughout the European Community, as it will be organised under Dutch law implementing the Transparency Directive so as to provide simultaneously in France equivalent information as that provided abroad.

German Regulations

Upon implementation of the Transparency Directive into German law on 20th January 2007, the German requirements to publish inside information according to Section 15 of the Securities Trading Act (*Wertpapierhandelsgesetz*) no longer apply to EADS.

However, any inside information as defined above will be disclosed in Germany beyond the means of dissemination throughout the European Community, as it will be organised under Dutch law implementing the Transparency Directive so as to provide simultaneously in Germany equivalent information as that provided abroad.

Spanish Regulations

The following provisions apply to the Company but may be affected once the Transparency Directive is fully implemented in Spain.

Pursuant to Article 82 of the Spanish Securities Act, the Company is required to make public, as soon as possible, any fact or decision that may substantially affect the quotation of its shares. Any such relevant event must be notified to the CNMV as quickly and as efficiently as possible, always prior to its communication to third parties or other means of publication and, in any event, as soon as the relevant fact is known, the relevant decision has been made or, the relevant agreement has been executed, as the case may be. Wherever possible, the relevant event should be notified to the CNMV after the close of the markets on the day of notification so as to avoid impacting on the quotation of the Company’s shares in the corresponding trading session. Furthermore, pursuant to Article 117 of the Spanish Securities Act, the Company must post details of any relevant event on its website. Under certain circumstances, the CNMV may authorize the issuer not to make public relevant information, which may affect its legitimate interests.

Pursuant to the Royal Decree 1333/2005 of 11th November 2005 (the “**MAD Royal Decree**”) the Company must try to ensure that the relevant information is disclosed simultaneously to all type of investors in the member states of the European Union where it is listed.

Pursuant to the Spanish Securities Act and the “Ministerial Order” and Circular 1/2004 of 17th March 2004 of the CNMV (the “**Circular**”), the Company is required:

- (i) to have rules of the Board of Directors which must be filed with the CNMV and published on the Company’s website;
- (ii) to file with the CNMV a description of the relevant Dutch law provisions and provisions in the Articles of Association governing the conduct of shareholders’ meetings and post such description on its website;
- (iii) to have a website which must contain as a minimum the information specified in the Ministerial Order and the Circular;
- (iv) to file a corporate governance report with the CNMV on an annual basis (the “**Annual Corporate Governance Report**”) which must contain the information specified in the Ministerial Order and the Circular; and
- (v) in respect of the provisions of any shareholders’ agreement which relate to the exercise of voting rights at shareholders’ meetings or restrictions or conditions on the free transferability of shares or convertible bonds, to (a) provided the Company is a party to the shareholders’

agreement, file such provisions with the CNMV who will then publish the provisions as a relevant event, (b) post the provisions on the Company's website, unless the CNMV

exempts the Company from doing so, and (c) set out details of the provisions in the Annual Corporate Governance Report.

3.1.4 Date of Incorporation and Duration of the Company

The Company was incorporated on 29th December 1998 for an unlimited duration.

3.1.5 Objects of the Company

Pursuant to Article 2 of the Articles of Association, the objects of the Company are to hold, co-ordinate and manage participations or other interests in and to finance and assume liabilities, provide for security and/or guarantee debts of legal

entities, partnerships, business associations and undertakings that are involved in:

- (a) the aeronautic, defence, space and/or communication industry; or
- (b) activities that are complementary, supportive or ancillary thereto.

3.1.6 Commercial and Companies Registry

The Company is registered with the Registry of the Chamber of Commerce of Amsterdam (*Handelsregister van de Kamer van Koophandel en Fabrieken voor Amsterdam*) under number 24288945.

3.1.7 Inspection of Corporate Documents

The Articles of Association are available for inspection in Dutch at the Chamber of Commerce of Amsterdam.

Pursuant to Article 57 of the French Decree n° 84-406 of 30th May 1984, a certified copy of a translation in French of the Articles of Association has been filed with the *Grefte* of the *Tribunal de commerce* of Paris. It is also available at the Head office of EADS in France (37, boulevard de Montmorency, 75016 Paris, France, Tel.: 00 33 1 42 24 24 24). In the event of amendments being made to the Articles of Association, an updated certified copy of the translation in French thereof will

be filed with the *Grefte* of the *Tribunal de commerce* of Paris and made available at the Head office of EADS in France.

In Germany, the Articles of Association are available at the Head office of EADS in Germany (81663 Munich, Germany, Tel.: 00 49 89 60 70).

In Spain, the Articles of Association are available at the CNMV and at the Head office of EADS in Spain (Avda. Aragón 404, 28022 Madrid, Spain, Tel.: 00 34 91 585 70 00).

3.1.8 Financial Year

The financial year of the Company starts on 1st January and ends on 31st December of each year.

3.1.9 Allocation and Distribution of Income

3.1.9.1 Dividends

The Board of Directors shall determine which part of the profits of the Company shall be attributed to reserves. The remaining distributable profit shall be at the disposal of the shareholders' meeting.

The shareholders' meeting may resolve (if so proposed by the Board of Directors) that all or part of a dividend shall be paid in shares of the Company as opposed to cash.

The declaration of a dividend, an interim dividend or another distribution to the shareholders shall be made known to them within seven days after such declaration. Declared dividends shall be payable within four weeks of such declaration unless

another date for payment is proposed by the Board of Directors and approved by the shareholders' meeting.

Dividends, interim dividends and other distributions on shares shall be paid by bank transfer to the bank or giro accounts designated in writing to the Company by, or on behalf of, shareholders at the latest 14 days after their announcement.

3.1.9.2 Liquidation

In the event of the dissolution and liquidation of the Company, the assets remaining after payment of all debts and liquidation expenses shall be distributed amongst the holders of the shares in proportion to their shareholdings.

3.1.10 General Meetings

3.1.10.1 Calling of Meetings

Shareholders' meetings are held as often as the Board of Directors deems necessary or upon the request of shareholders holding, individually or together, at least 10% of the total issued share capital of the Company.

The Board of Directors must give notice of general meetings in at least one of the Netherlands' national daily newspapers, at least one international daily newspaper and at least one daily newspaper in each of the countries in which the Company's shares are listed. Such publication must be made at least 15 days before the day of the meeting, not counting the day on which notice was given, and shall state either the matters to be considered at such meeting or that the agenda is open to inspection by the shareholders at the offices of the Company and at such other locations as may be specified in the notice.

The annual shareholders' meeting of the Company is held within six months of the end of the financial year.

Shareholders' meetings are held in Amsterdam, Den Haag, Rotterdam or *Haarlemmermeer* (Schiphol Airport). The Board of Directors may decide that shareholders' meetings may be attended by means of electronic or video communication devices from the locations mentioned in the convening notice.

The Board of Directors must announce the date of the annual shareholders' meeting at least two months before the meeting. Requests made by one or more shareholders collectively representing at least 1% of the issued share capital (or shares having an aggregate market value of €50 million), to put items on the agenda for the annual shareholders' meeting, must be effected by the Board of Directors, if such requests to the Board of Directors have been made at least six (6) weeks prior to the date scheduled for the meeting except if, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, important interests of the Company prevail over the insertion of such items into the agenda.

3.1.10.2 Right to attend Meetings

Each holder of one or more shares may attend shareholders' meetings, either in person or by written proxy, to speak and to vote according to the Articles of Association. See "— 3.1.10.4 Conditions of Exercise of Right to Vote".

A shareholder or person who has the right to attend a meeting can see to it that he is represented by more than one proxy holder, provided that only one proxy holder can be appointed for each share.

In relation to holders of registered shares, the Board of Directors may provide in the convening notice that those persons are recognised as authorised to exercise the rights to attend, speak and vote at the shareholders' meetings, who at the point in time mentioned in the convening notice are authorised to exercise those rights and as such have been registered in the register appointed for the purpose by the Board of Directors, irrespective of who is authorised to exercise those rights on the day of the meeting.

Any person who is entitled to exercise the rights set out in the above paragraph (either in person or by means of a written proxy) and is attending the meeting from another location (see "— 3.1.10.1 Calling of Meetings") in such manner that the person(s) acting as chairman/chairmen of the meeting is/are convinced that such person is properly participating in the meeting, shall be deemed to be present or represented at the meeting, shall be entitled to vote and shall be counted towards a quorum accordingly.

As a prerequisite to attending the shareholders' meeting and to casting votes, the holders of bearer shares and those who derived the aforementioned rights from these shares shall be obliged to deposit their share certificate or the documents evidencing their rights against receipt, at such locations as shall be determined by the Board of Directors and stated in the convening notice.

Such convening notice shall also state the day which has been fixed as the final day on which the share certificates and the documents evidencing the aforementioned rights may be deposited. That day may not be earlier than five business days, but in each case not earlier than the seventh day, prior to the meeting.

As far as registered shares are concerned, the Board of Directors should be informed in writing within the timeframe mentioned in the two preceding sentences of the intention to attend the meeting.

Holders of shares that are registered in the shareholders' register kept in Amsterdam have the option of holding them

through Euroclear France S.A. In this case the shares are registered in the name of Euroclear France S.A.

Shareholders holding their EADS shares through Euroclear France S.A. who wish to attend general meetings will have to request from their financial intermediary or acountholder an admission card and be given a proxy to this effect from Euroclear France S.A. in accordance with the instructions specified by the Company in the convening notice. For this purpose, a shareholder will also be able to request that it be registered directly (and not through Euroclear France S.A.) in the register of the Company. However, only shares registered in the name of Euroclear France S.A. may be traded on the stock exchanges.

In order to exercise their voting rights, the shareholders will also be able, by contacting their financial intermediary or acountholder, to give their voting instructions to Euroclear France S.A. or to any other person designated for this purpose, as specified by the Company in the convening notice.

In light of recent changes of Dutch law, the Board of Directors will propose to the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders to be held on 4th May 2007, to amend the Articles of Association of the Company to the effect that they include the possibility for EADS to (i) set a "registration date" at which the persons entitled to attend and vote at the shareholders' meetings are recorded for this purpose irrespective of who is shareholder at the time of the meeting, and (ii) provide for electronic means of convocation, attendance and voting at the shareholders' meetings. The introduction of such electronic means will depend on the availability of the necessary technical means and the market practice.

3.1.10.3 Majority and Quorum

All resolutions are adopted by means of a simple majority of the votes cast except when a qualified majority is prescribed by the Articles of Association or by Dutch law. No quorum is required for any shareholders' meeting to be held. Dutch law requires a special majority for the passing of certain resolutions: inter alia, capital reduction, exclusion of pre-emption rights in connection with share issues, statutory mergers or statutory demergers; the passing of such resolutions requires a majority of two-thirds of the votes cast if 50% of the share capital with voting rights is not present at the meeting (or otherwise a simple majority). In addition, resolutions to amend the Articles of Association or to dissolve the Company shall only be capable of being adopted with a majority of at least two-thirds of the valid votes cast at a shareholders' meeting, whatever the quorum present at such meeting.

Pledges of shares and beneficiaries of a usufruct, which do not have voting rights, do not have the right to attend and to speak at shareholders' meetings. The owners of shares which are subject to a pledge or a usufruct, which do not have voting rights, are entitled to attend and to speak at shareholders' meetings.

3.1.10.4 Conditions of Exercise of Right to Vote

In all shareholders' meetings, each shareholder has one vote in respect of each share it holds.

A shareholder whose shares are subject to a pledge or usufruct shall have the voting rights attaching to such shares unless otherwise provided by law or by the Articles of Association or if, in the case of a usufruct, the shareholder has granted voting

rights to the usufructuary. Pursuant to the Articles of Association and subject to the prior consent of the Board of Directors, a pledgee of shares in the Company may be granted the right to vote in respect of such pledged shares.

Article 25 (paragraph 2 and 3) of EADS Articles of Association provides that "The right to vote can be granted to an usufructuary. The right to vote can be granted to a pledgee, but only with the prior consent of the Board of Directors. No vote may be cast at the general meeting of shareholders on a share that is held by the Company or a subsidiary; nor for a share in respect of which one of them holds the depository receipts. Usufructuaries and pledges of shares that are held by the Company or its subsidiaries are, however, not excluded from their voting rights, in case the right of usufruct or pledge was vested before the share was held by the Company or its subsidiary."

3.1.11 Disclosure of Holdings

Pursuant to the WFT, any person who, directly or indirectly, acquires or disposes of an interest in the capital or voting rights of the Company must immediately give written notice to the AFM by means of a standard form, if, as a result of such acquisition or disposal, the percentage of capital interest or voting rights held by such person meets, exceeds or falls below the following thresholds: 5%, 10%, 15%, 20%, 25%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 75% and 95%. Once in every calendar year, every holder of an interest in the share capital or voting rights of 5% or more in the Company must renew its notification to reflect changes in the percentage held in the share capital or voting rights of the Company, including changes as a consequence of changes in the total issued share capital. The disclosures are published by the AFM on its website (www.afm.nl).

In order to comply with these disclosure rules under the WFT, the Board of Directors will propose to the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders to be held on 4th May 2007, to amend the Articles of Association of the Company to the effect that they reflect the obligation for shareholders to notify the competent authorities when crossing thresholds in the share capital and/or voting rights of EADS set at: 5%, 10%, 15%, 20%, 25%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 75% and 95%. Such notification shall also be made to EADS pursuant to a requirement set out in the Articles of Association. Previously, such thresholds were set at 5%, 10%, 25%, 33 1/3%, 50%, 66 2/3% and over.

Upon implementation of the Transparency Directive into German law on 20th January 2007, EADS is no longer required

to publish changes of voting rights pursuant to the German Securities Trading Act (*Wertpapierhandelsgesetz*).

Until the Transparency Directive is implemented in Spain, the Company has to inform the CNMV and the Spanish Stock Exchanges of any disclosure of holdings exceeding the above-mentioned thresholds that it receives.

The Articles of Association also require that any person acquiring directly or indirectly or with others with whom it is acting in concert more than one tenth of the issued share capital or voting rights of the Company must notify the Company of its intentions (i) to buy or sell shares of the Company in the following 12 months; (ii) to continue or to stop acquiring shares or voting rights of the Company; (iii) to acquire control of the Company; or (iv) to seek to designate a member of the Board of Directors of the Company. The Company will provide the AMF with the information received in this context.

The AMF has indicated that it will publish a notice concerning any communication so transmitted. The CNMV and the Spanish Stock Exchanges will publish all such notifications received⁽⁵⁾.

Failure to comply with the legal obligation to notify a change in range of thresholds under the WFT is a criminal offence punishable by criminal and administrative penalties as well as civil law penalties, including the suspension of voting rights.

(5) These provisions may be affected once the Transparency Directive is implemented in Spain.

Disclosure Requirements for Members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee

Disclosure of holdings

In addition to the WFT requirements regarding disclosure of holdings, members of the Board of Directors must report to the AFM the number of shares in EADS and attached voting rights⁽⁶⁾ held by him or an entity controlled by him, within two weeks following their appointment as director, whether or not such shareholdings reach specified thresholds. Subsequently, any member of the Board of Directors is required to notify to the AFM any changes in such number of shares in EADS and attached voting rights.

The Company has to inform the AMF, the German Federal Financial Supervisory Authority, the CNMV and the Spanish Stock Exchanges of any disclosure of holdings by the Directors involving shares of the Company that it receives. The CNMV and the Spanish Stock Exchanges will publish such received notifications. In addition, the Company must update the information contained in its website related to holding of shares by Directors⁽⁷⁾.

Disclosure of transactions carried out on any securities issued by the Company

Pursuant to section 5:60 of the WFT, certain persons discharging managerial responsibilities within the Company (*i.e.*, for EADS, the members of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee) and, where applicable, persons closely associated with them must in principle notify the AFM of all transactions conducted for their own account relating to shares of the Company, or to derivatives or other financial instruments linked to them. These persons have to notify the AFM of the transactions within five trading days unless the aggregate amount of such transactions does not exceed €5,000 in respect of all transactions in a calendar year.

According to paragraph 15a of the German Securities Trading Act, persons with significant managerial responsibility with respect to the Company (*i.e.*, for EADS, the members of the

Board of Directors and the members of the Executive Committee), or the persons closely associated with them, must disclose transactions conducted for their own account involving shares of the Company or financial instruments that relate to those shares, especially derivatives. These persons have to notify the Company and the German Federal Financial Supervisory Authority of the transactions within five trading days unless the aggregate amount of such transactions does not exceed €5,000 in respect of all transactions in a calendar year. Upon implementation of the Transparency Directive into German law on 20 January 2007, EADS is no longer required to publish such notifications on its website or in a German supra-regional mandatory stock exchange newspaper.

Pursuant to Spanish law, EADS must report to the CNMV and the Spanish Stock Exchanges any disclosures of transactions it receives and which are carried out by the members of the Board of Directors on both EADS shares and derivative instruments linked to them made under the law applicable to the Company (*i.e.*, Dutch law). However, these requirements may be affected once the Transparency Directive is fully implemented in Spain.

Pursuant to Articles 223-22 to 223-25 of the AMF General Regulations, directors, persons with significant managerial responsibility with respect to the Company and having access on a regular basis to inside information about the Company (members of the Board of Directors and members of the Executive Committee), and, where applicable, any person closely associated with them, must report by e-mail to the AMF, within a period of five trading days following completion, any transactions in securities of the Company carried out by these persons, unless the aggregate amount of such transactions does not exceed €5,000 in respect of all transactions carried out in a calendar year. The AMF makes such disclosure information publicly available on its website. In addition, the Company must establish, update and provide the AMF with a list detailing the persons with significant managerial responsibility with respect to the Company and having access on a regular basis to inside information about the Company.

3.1.12 Mandatory Tender Offers

3.1.12.1 Takeover Directive

The Directive 2004/25/EC on takeover bids (the “**Takeover Directive**”) sets forth the principles governing the allocation of laws applicable to EADS. The applicable laws refer to the rules

of the Netherlands and the rules of the European Union Member State of the competent authority that must be chosen by EADS from among the various market authorities supervising the markets where its shares are listed.

(6) In this context, the term «shares» also includes for example depository receipts for shares and rights resulting from an agreement to acquire shares or depository receipts for shares, specifically call options, warrants, and convertible bonds. Equally, the term 'voting rights' also includes actual or contingent rights to voting rights (*e.g.*, embedded in call options, warrants or convertible bonds).

(7) These provisions may be affected once the Transparency Directive is implemented in Spain.

For EADS, matters relating to the consideration offered in the case of a bid, in particular the price, and matters relating to the bid procedure, in particular the information on the offeror's decision to make a bid, the contents of the offer document and the disclosure of the bid, shall be determined by the laws of the European Union Member State having the competent authority, which will be selected by EADS at a future date.

For EADS, matters relating to the information to be provided to the employees of EADS and matters relating to company law, in particular the percentage of voting rights which confers control and any derogation from the obligation to launch a bid, the conditions under which the Board of Directors of EADS may undertake any action which might result in the frustration of the bid, and the applicable rules and the competent authority shall be dealt with in accordance with Dutch law.

It is expected that the Takeover Directive will be implemented soon into Dutch law, which may affect the requirements set out below.

3.1.12.2 Articles of Association

Pursuant to Article 15 of the Articles of Association, in the event that a direct or indirect acquisition of shares in the Company results in a person acting alone or in concert (as defined in the WMZ) holding shares or voting rights where the control over the number of shares or votes reaches or exceeds 33 1/3% of the issued share capital of the Company then such person(s) is (are) required to make an unconditional public offer to all shareholders to acquire all of their shares or to procure that such an offer is made. Such offer must comply with all of the applicable regulatory or other legal requirements in each jurisdiction in which the Company's shares are listed.

Pursuant to Article 16 of the Articles of Association, in the event of a failure to launch such an offer (or if the offer does not satisfy the relevant legal or regulatory requirements in each of the jurisdictions where the Company's shares are listed) within two months after notification to the Company of shareholdings reaching or exceeding 33 1/3% or failing such notification, within a period of 15 days of receipt of notice from the Board of Directors confirming the obligation to make the public offer, then any person(s) who is (are) required to make the offer shall within the period specified by the notice sent by the Board of Directors exchange for depository receipts to be issued by the *Stichting Administratiekantoor EADS* (the "**Foundation**"), such percentage of shares they hold over and above the 33 1/3% of the shares issued by the Company (the "**Excess Percentage**"). From the date specified in the notice sent by the Board of Directors, the right to attend meetings, to vote and to receive dividends shall be suspended in respect of the Excess Percentage. If, within a period of 14 days from a

further notice from the Board of Directors, the person required to exchange his shares representing his Excess Percentage for depository receipts still has not done so, then the Company is irrevocably authorised to exchange such shares for depository receipts issued by the Foundation. The constitutive documents of the Foundation provide that the Foundation shall not have the right to attend shareholders' meetings of the Company as a shareholder, to speak at such meetings and to exercise the voting rights attached to the shares it holds, except if, in the view of the Board of Directors of the Foundation (comprising the two independent Directors and one of the two Chief Executive Officers of EADS), such action is required for the performance of the mandatory offer provisions in the Articles of Association.

The obligation to make a public offer does not apply in the following situations:

- (i) to a transfer of shares to the Company itself or to the Foundation;
- (ii) to a securities custody, clearing or settlement institution acting in that capacity, provided that the provisions of Article 16 of the Articles of Association described above shall be applicable where shares are held for persons acting in breach of the provisions of Articles 15 and 16 of the Articles of Association described above;
- (iii) to a transfer of shares by the Company or to an issue of shares by the Company on a merger or on an acquisition by the Company of another company or business;
- (iv) to a transfer of shares from one party to another party who is a party to an agreement as envisaged in the WMZ to define "concert parties" where the agreement is entered into before 31st December 2000 (as amended, supplemented or replaced by a new agreement by the admission of one or more new parties or the exclusion of one or more parties) except that this exemption will not apply to a new party that individually or with its subsidiaries and/or group companies holds at least 33 1/3% of the control over shares or votes in the Company; this exemption is intended to exclude the parties to the Participation Agreement (See "3.3.2 Relationships with Principal Shareholders") as amended, supplemented or replaced by a new agreement by the admission of one or more new parties or the exclusion of one or more parties from the obligation to make the mandatory offer in the event of a transfer of shares between themselves; or
- (v) to a transfer by a shareholder to a subsidiary in which it holds more than 50% or by a shareholder to a company which holds more than 50% in such transferring shareholder.

It is expected that the Takeover Directive will be implemented soon into Dutch law, which may affect the requirements set out above.

3.1.12.3 Spanish Law

Until the Takeover Directive is implemented in Spain, the following provisions apply to the Company:

Spanish securities legislation sets forth specific provisions which are applicable in the event an investor acquires, directly or indirectly, certain percentages of the share capital of a company listed on a Spanish Stock Exchange, because they are deemed to be significant. These provisions, set forth in Article 1 of the Royal Decree 1197/1991, of 26th July, regarding Takeover Bids, amended by Royal Decree 432/2003, of 11th April, provide that said investor will have to offer to acquire the following percentages: the offer must be (a) for at least 10% if the investor acquires 25% of the shares, or other securities (such as subscription rights, convertible debentures, warrants, or any other similar securities that may directly or indirectly entitle such investor to subscribe or acquire shares) or a threshold that, without reaching such percentage, enables the appointment of a number of directors who, together with those already appointed, if any, represent more than 1/3 and less than 1/2 plus one of the total directors of the target company, or, if the investor already holds between 25% and 50%, and intends to purchase an additional 6% within the following 12 months, and (b) for 100% in the event that the investor reaches or exceeds the threshold of 50% or a threshold that, without reaching such

percentage, enables the appointment of a number of directors who, together with those already appointed, if any, represent more than 1/2 of the total directors of the target company. Given the different thresholds set forth in Article 1 of the Royal Decree 1197/1991 and in Article 15 of the Articles of Association of EADS (which in short requires, in principle, that a tender offer for 100% of the share capital be launched in the event a shareholder controls (alone, or in concert with shareholders) directly or indirectly a number of shares or voting rights exceeding 33 1/3% of the share capital of EADS, as described above), *Sociedad Estatal de Participaciones Industriales* (“SEPI”), a minority shareholder of EADS, taking the stand that the Royal Decree 1197/1991 is not applicable to EADS, as a Dutch company listed in three different countries (Spain, France and Germany), the Articles of Association of which duly provide that a tender offer must be launched whenever control of 33 1/3% of the share capital is taken, consulted on this issue, on behalf of EADS, with the CNMV, which confirmed in writing that ‘the event posed does not fall within those contemplated in the aforementioned Royal Decree 1197/1991’ and, therefore, said Royal Decree 1197/1991 is not applicable to EADS.

In addition, the CNMV, responding to a request from certain shareholders of EADS, stated in a letter dated 19th June 2000 that the Royal Decree 1197/1991 dated 26th July 1991 relating to takeover bids does not apply to transfers of shares between parties in the EADS shareholders agreements, provided such transfers are made within the framework of the shareholders agreements and that such agreements remain in force.

3.2 General Description of the Share Capital

3.2.1 Modification of Share Capital or Rights Attaching to the Shares

Unless such right is limited or eliminated by the shareholders’ meeting as described below, holders of shares have a pre-emptive right to subscribe for any newly issued shares *pro rata* to the aggregate nominal value of shares held by them, except for shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares issued to employees of the Company or of a Group company. For the contractual position as to pre-emption rights, see “3.3.2 Relationships with Principal Shareholders”.

The shareholders’ meeting has the power to issue shares. The shareholders’ meeting may also authorize the Board of Directors

for a period of no more than five years, to issue shares and to determine the terms and conditions of share issuances.

The shareholders’ meeting also has the power to limit or to exclude pre-emption rights in connection with new issues of shares, and may authorize the Board of Directors for a period of no more than five years, to limit or to exclude preemption rights. All resolutions in this context must be approved by a two-thirds majority of the votes cast during the shareholders’ meeting in the case where less than half of the capital issued is present or represented at said meeting.



A resolution will be submitted to the annual shareholders' meeting of EADS to be held on 4th May 2007 in order to authorize the Board of Directors to issue shares representing up to 1% of the Company's authorised share capital from time to time, to grant rights to subscribe for shares for a period up to and including the date of the annual shareholders' meeting to be held in 2009 and also in the case where the subscription rights may be exercised thereafter, and to determine the terms and conditions of the shares issuances. Further resolutions will be submitted to such shareholders' meeting to authorize the Board of Directors to limit or exclude the preferential

subscription rights for the period up to and including the date of the annual shareholders' meeting to be held in 2009.

The shareholders' meeting may reduce the issued share capital by cancellation of shares or by reducing the nominal value of the shares by means of an amendment to the Articles of Association, the latter requiring the approval of at least two-thirds of the votes cast at the general meeting. In the annual general of shareholders to be held on 4th May 2007, it will be proposed to cancel up to a maximum of 4,568,405 shares.

3.2.2 Issued Share Capital

As at 31st December 2006, the Company's issued share capital is €815,931,524 comprising 815,931,524 shares of a nominal value of €1.0 each.

3.2.3 Authorised Share Capital

As at 31st December 2006 the authorised share capital of the Company is €3 billion comprising 3,000,000,000 shares of €1.0 each.

3.2.4 Securities Granting Access to the Company's Capital

Except for stock options granted for the subscription for EADS shares (See "Part 1 – 2.3.3 Long Term Incentive Plans"), there are no securities that give access, immediately or over time, to the share capital of EADS.

The table below shows the total potential dilution that would occur if all the stock options issued as at 31st December 2006 were exercised:

EADS' potential share capital	Number of shares	Dilution percentage in capital	Number of voting rights	Dilution percentage in voting rights*
Total number of EADS shares issued as of 31 st December 2006	815,931,524	96.34%	807,427,380	96.30%
Total number of EADS shares which may be issued following exercise of stock options	31,028,689	3.66%	31,028,689	3.70%
Total potential EADS share capital	846,960,213	100%	838,456,069	100%

(*) The potential dilutive effect on capital and voting rights of the exercise of these stock options may be limited as a result of the Company's share purchase programmes and in the case of subsequent cancellation of repurchased shares. See "3.3.7.1 Dutch Law and information on share buyback programmes".

3.2.5 Changes in the Issued Share Capital Since Incorporation of the Company

Date	Nature of Transaction	Nominal value per share	Number of shares issued/cancelled	Premium*	Total number of issued shares after transaction	Total issued capital after transaction
29 th December 1998	Incorporation	NLG 1,000	100	-	100	NLG 100,000
3 rd April 2000	Conversion into €	€1	50,000	-	50,000	€50,000
8 th July 2000	Issue of shares in exchange for contributions by Aerospatiale Matra, Dasa AG and SEPI	€1	715,003,828	€1,511,477,044	715,053,828	€715,053,828
13 th July 2000	Issue of shares for the purpose of the initial public offering and listing of the Company	€1	80,334,580	€1,365,687,860	795,388,408	€795,388,408
21 st September 2000	Issue of shares for the purpose of the employee offering carried out in the context of the initial public offering and listing of the Company	€1	11,769,259	€168,300,403	807,157,667	€807,157,667
5 th December 2001	Issue of shares for the purpose of an employee offering (<i>note d'opération</i> approved by the COB** on 13 th October 2001 under number 01-1209)	€1	2,017,894	€19,573,571.80	809,175,561	€809,175,561
4 th December 2002	Issue of shares for the purpose of an employee offering (<i>note d'opération</i> approved by the COB on 11 th October 2002 under number 02-1081)	€1	2,022,939	€14,470,149.33	811,198,500	€811,198,500
5 th December 2003	Issue of shares for the purpose of an employee offering (<i>note d'opération</i> approved by the COB on 25 th September 2003 under number 03-836)	€1	1,686,682	€19,363,109.36	812,885,182	€812,885,182
20 th July 2004	Cancellation of shares upon authorisation granted by the annual shareholders' meeting held on 6 th May 2004	€1	5,686,682	-	807,198,500	€807,198,500
3 rd December 2004	Issue of shares for the purpose of an employee offering (<i>note d'opération</i> approved by the AMF on 10 th September 2004 under number 04-755)	€1	2,017,822	€34,302,974	809,216,322	€809,216,322
In 2004	Issue of shares following exercise of options granted to employees***	€1	362,747	€6,133,436	809,579,069	€809,579,069
25 th July 2005	Cancellation of shares upon authorisation granted by the annual shareholders' meeting held on 11 th May 2005	€1	1,336,358	-	808,242,711	€808,242,711
29 th July 2005	Issue of shares for the purpose of an employee offering (<i>note d'opération</i> approved by the AMF on 4 th May 2005 under number 05-353)	€1	1,938,309	€34,618,198.74	810,181,020	€810,181,020
In 2005	Issue of shares following exercise of options granted to employees***	€1	7,562,110	€144,176,031.61	817,743,130	€817,743,130
20 th July 2006	Cancellation of shares upon authorisation granted by the annual shareholders' meeting held on 4 th May 2006	€1	6,656,970	-	811,086,160	€811,086,160
In 2006	Issue of shares following exercise of options granted to employees***	€1	4,845,364	€89,624,589	815,931,524	€815,931,524

(*) The costs (net of taxes) related to the initial public offering of the shares of the Company in July 2000 have been offset against share premium for an amount of €55,849,772.

(**) Former name of the *Autorité des marchés financiers* (the "AMF").

(***) For information on stock option plans under which these options were granted to EADS employees, see "Part 1 – 2.3.3 Long Term Incentive Plans".

3.3 Shareholdings and Voting Rights

3.3.1 Shareholding Structure

EADS combined the activities of Aerospatiale Matra (“**Aerospatiale Matra**” or “**ASM**”), DaimlerChrysler Aerospace AG (“**Dasa AG**”) (with the exception of certain assets and liabilities) (“**Dasa**”) and Construcciones Aeronauticas SA (“**CASA**”) pursuant to a series of transactions completed in July 2000.

In this document, the term ‘Completion’ relates to the July 2000 completion of the contributions made by Aerospatiale Matra, Dasa AG and SEPI to EADS to combine such activities into EADS.

The term ‘Indirect EADS Shares’ relates to EADS shares held by DaimlerChrysler AG (“**DaimlerChrysler**”), SEPI and *Société de Gestion de l’Aéronautique, de la Défense et de l’Espace* (“**SOGEADE**”), for which EADS Participations B.V. exercises all the attached voting rights as well as Lagardère SCA (“**Lagardère**”) and *Société de Gestion de Participations Aéronautiques* (“**SOGEPA**”), or the companies of their group, the number of EADS shares held indirectly via SOGEADE, reflecting by transparency, their respective interest in SOGEADE.

Unless the context requires otherwise, the shareholdings of Dasa AG in EADS are referred to in this document as shareholdings of DaimlerChrysler, and the rights and obligations of Dasa AG pursuant to the agreements described herein are referred to as rights and obligations of DaimlerChrysler.

As at 31st December 2006, 22.47% of the EADS shares were held by Dasa AG, which is a subsidiary of DaimlerChrysler Luft- und Raumfahrt Holding AG (“**DCLRH**”), a 93.85% subsidiary of DaimlerChrysler. SOGEADE, a French partnership limited by shares (*société en commandite par actions*) whose share capital is held 50% by SOGEPA (a French state holding company) and 50% by Désirade (a French *société par actions simplifiée* wholly owned by Lagardère), held 29.96% of the EADS shares. Thus, 52.43% of the share capital of EADS

was held in equal proportions by DaimlerChrysler and SOGEADE who jointly control EADS through a Dutch law contractual partnership (the “**Contractual Partnership**”). SEPI (a Spanish state holding company), being a party to the Contractual Partnership, held 5.48% of the share capital of EADS. The public (including EADS employees) and the Company held, respectively, 40.99% and 1.04% of the share capital of EADS. The *République française* (the “**French State**”) held directly 0.06% of such share capital, such shareholding being subject to certain specific provisions.

On 8th July 2004, DaimlerChrysler announced that it had placed on the market (in the context of a hedging transaction) all of its EADS shares (22,227,478 EADS shares), representing 2.73% of the capital and 2.78% of the EADS voting rights at that date, except for its Indirect EADS Shares. Thus, DaimlerChrysler does not hold directly any EADS shares at the date of this document.

On 11th November 2005, Dasa AG transferred its entire interest in EADS to its wholly owned subsidiary DaimlerChrysler Luft- und Raumfahrt Beteiligungs GmbH & Co. KG (“**DC KG**”). However, in November 2006, DC KG then transferred its entire interest in EADS back to Dasa AG.

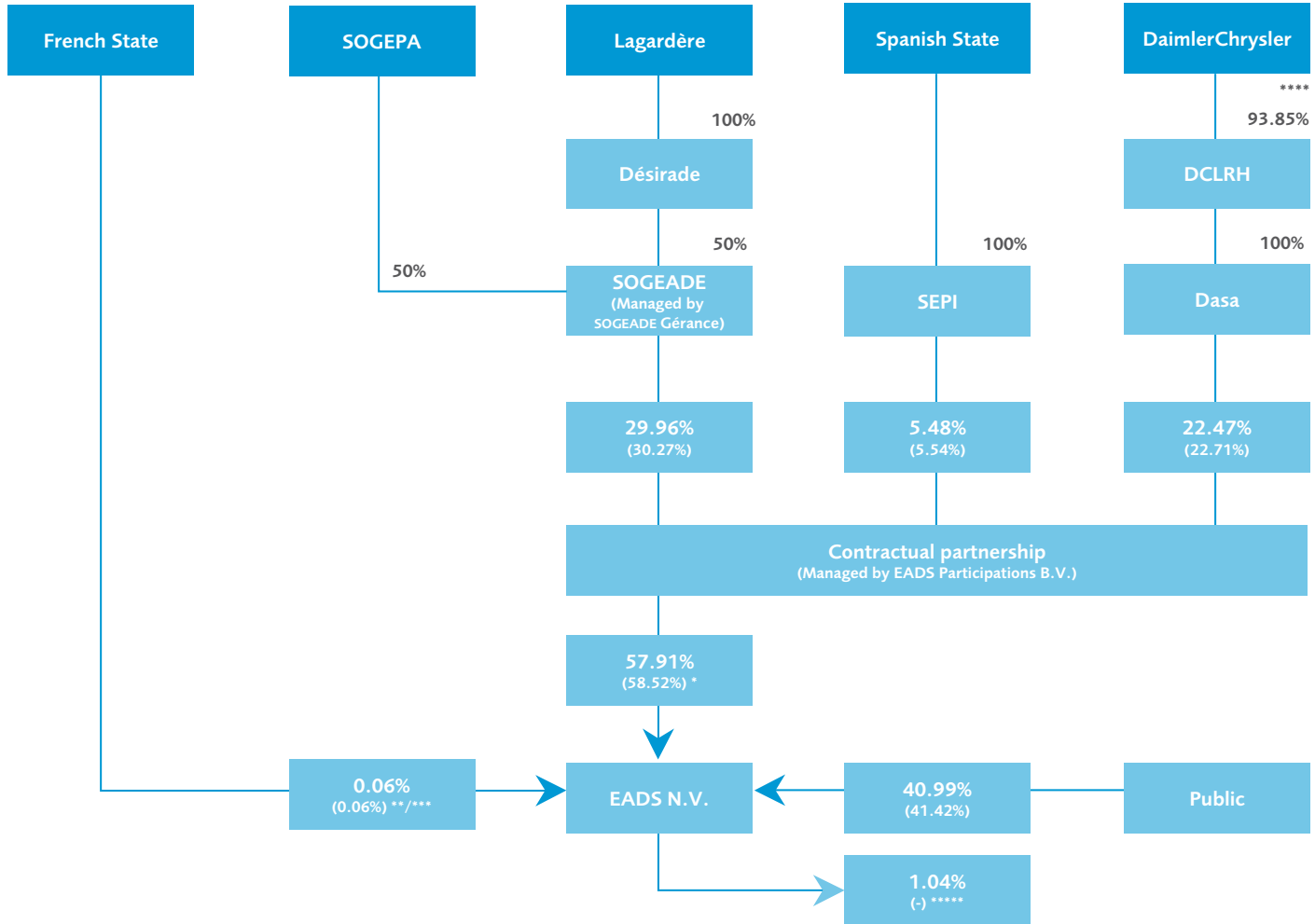
On 4th April 2006, DaimlerChrysler and Lagardère reduced by 7.5 percent each their respective stakes in EADS in coordinated steps.

On 8th September 2006, the Company was notified that Russian bank for Foreign Trade (“**JSC Vneshtorgbank**”) acquired 41,050,705 shares of EADS, representing 5.02% of the share capital of EADS at that time.

On 9th February 2007, DaimlerChrysler reached an agreement with a consortium of private and public-sector investors by which it will reduce its shareholding in EADS by 7.5%. For more information on this transaction, see “1.2 Recent Developments”.

The diagram below shows the ownership structure of EADS as at 31st December 2006 (% of capital (voting rights) before exercise of outstanding stock options granted for the subscription of EADS shares. See “Part 1 – 2.3.3 Long Terms Incentive Plans”.

OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE OF EADS AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2006



(*) EADS Participations B.V. exercises the voting rights attaching to these EADS shares pledged by SOGEADE, DaimlerChrysler and SEPI who retain title to their respective shares.
 (**) The French State exercises the voting rights attaching to these EADS shares (such shares being placed with the Caisse des dépôts et consignations) in the same way that EADS Participations B.V. exercises the voting rights pooled in the Contractual Partnership.
 (***) Shares held by the French State following the distribution without payment of consideration to certain former shareholders of Aerospatiale Matra as a result of its privatisation in June 1999. All the shares currently held by the French State will have to be sold on the market.
 (****) DCLRHRH is 93.85% held by DaimlerChrysler; almost all the balance is held by the City of Hamburg.
 (*****). As at 31st December 2006, the Company holds, directly or indirectly through another company in which the Company holds directly or indirectly more than 50% of the share capital, 8,504,144 of its own shares. The EADS shares owned by the Company itself do not carry voting rights.

For the number of shares and voting rights held by members of the Board of Directors and Executive Committee, “see Part 1 – 2.2.1 Compensation Granted to Directors and Principal Executive Officers”.

Approximately 1.72% of the capital and 1.74% of the voting rights are held by EADS employees.

For further information on changes to shareholdings since 31st December 2006, see also “1.2 Recent Developments”.

3.3.2 Relationships with Principal Shareholders

The principal agreements governing the relationships between the founders of EADS are an agreement (the “**Participation Agreement**”) entered into on Completion between DaimlerChrysler, Dasa AG, Lagardère, SOGEPA, SOGEADE and SEPI, and a Dutch law Contractual Partnership agreement entered into on Completion between SOGEADE, Dasa AG, SEPI and EADS Participations B.V. (the “**Contractual Partnership Agreement**”), which repeats certain terms of the Participation Agreement and a certain number of other agreements (notably, a shareholder agreement (the “**SOGEADE Shareholders’ Agreement**”) entered into on Completion between SOGEPA and Lagardère and an agreement between the French State, DaimlerChrysler and DCLRH). EADS Participations B.V. is a Dutch private company with limited liability (*besloten vennootschap met beperkte aansprakelijkheid*) and is the managing partner of the Contractual Partnership. The Indirect EADS Shares held by DaimlerChrysler, SOGEADE and SEPI have been pledged to EADS Participations B.V., which has been granted the exclusive power to exercise the voting rights attaching to the pledged shares (including the right to attend and speak at shareholders’ meetings) in accordance with the Contractual Partnership Agreement.

The agreements above contain, among other things, provisions relating to the following matters:

- the composition of the Boards of Directors of EADS, EADS Participations B.V. and SOGEADE Gérance (*gérant commandité* of SOGEADE);
- restrictions on the transfer of EADS shares and SOGEADE shares;
- pre-emptive and tag-along rights of DaimlerChrysler, SOGEADE, SOGEPA and Lagardère;
- defences against hostile third parties;
- consequences of a change of control of DaimlerChrysler, SOGEADE, Lagardère, SOGEPA or SEPI;
- a put option granted by SOGEADE to DaimlerChrysler over its EADS shares in certain circumstances;
- specific rights of the French State in relation to certain strategic decisions, regarding among other issues, EADS’ ballistic missiles activity; and
- certain limitations on the extent of the French State’s ownership of EADS.

Further details on the agreements among the principal shareholders of EADS are set out below.

Organisation of EADS Participations B.V.

The board of directors of EADS Participations B.V. has an equal number of directors nominated by DaimlerChrysler and by SOGEADE, respectively (taking into account proposals made by Lagardère in respect of the SOGEADE-nominated directors). DaimlerChrysler and SOGEADE each nominate four directors, unless otherwise agreed, and each nominates from among its nominated directors a chairman and a chief executive officer. In addition, although from 8th July 2003, SEPI no longer has a right to nominate a director, based upon the proposal of DaimlerChrysler and SOGEADE, the board of directors of EADS Participations B.V. decided to propose to the shareholders’ meeting of EADS Participations B.V. held on 11th May 2005 the appointment of an additional Spanish director bringing the total number of directors to nine.

This structure gives DaimlerChrysler and SOGEADE equal nominating rights in respect of the majority of the directors of the decision-making body of EADS Participations B.V. All decisions of EADS Participations B.V.’s board of directors shall require the vote in favour of at least six directors, except for certain specified matters which require the prior unanimous approval of DaimlerChrysler and SOGEADE.

Transfer of EADS Shares

During the period commencing at Completion and ending on 1st July 2003 (the “**Standstill Period**”), there were restrictions on DaimlerChrysler’s, SOGEADE’s, SEPI’s, Lagardère’s, SOGEPA’s and the French State’s ability to transfer EADS shares.

Following the expiration of the Standstill Period, as of 1st July 2003, each of DaimlerChrysler, SOGEADE, SEPI, Lagardère and SOGEPA has the right to sell its EADS shares on the market, subject to the following conditions:

- if a party wishes to sell any EADS shares, it shall first sell its shares other than its Indirect EADS Shares before exercising its right to sell its Indirect EADS Shares in accordance with the provisions set out below;
- on the sale of Indirect EADS Shares, DaimlerChrysler (in the case of a sale by SOGEADE), SOGEADE (in the case of a sale by DaimlerChrysler) or SOGEADE and DaimlerChrysler (in the case of a sale by SEPI) may either exercise a pre-emption right or sell its Indirect EADS Shares on the market in the same proportions as the respective Indirect EADS Shares of the relevant parties bear to each other;

- any transfer of Indirect EADS Shares by either SOGEPA or Lagardère is subject to a pre-emption right in favour of Lagardère or SOGEPA, as the case may be. In the event that such pre-emption right is not exercised, the Indirect EADS Shares may be sold (a) to an identified third party subject to Lagardère's or SOGEPA's consent (as the case may be) and also to DaimlerChrysler's consent and (b) if such consent is not obtained, the Indirect EADS Shares may be sold on the market, subject to DaimlerChrysler's pre-emption right referred to above;
- each of Lagardère and SOGEPA shall have a proportional right to tag-along on a sale of its Indirect EADS Shares; and
- the pre-emption and tag-along rights of Lagardère and SOGEPA referred to above do not apply to a transfer of EADS shares directly held by one of them.

Any sale on the market of EADS shares in accordance with the Participation Agreement shall be conducted in an orderly manner so as to ensure the least possible disruption to the market of EADS shares. To this effect, the parties shall consult with each other before any such sale.

Control of EADS

In the event that a third party to which DaimlerChrysler or SOGEADE objects (a "**Hostile Third Party**") has a direct or indirect interest in EADS shares equal to 12.5% or more of the number of such EADS shares the voting rights of which are pooled through the Contractual Partnership (a "**Qualifying Interest**"), then, unless a Hostile Offer (as defined below) has been made by the Hostile Third Party or until such time as DaimlerChrysler and SOGEADE agree that the Hostile Third Party should no longer be considered a Hostile Third Party or the Hostile Third Party no longer holds a Qualifying Interest, the parties to the Participation Agreement shall exercise all means of control and influence in relation to EADS to avoid such Hostile Third Party increasing its rights or powers in relation to EADS.

Following the expiration of the Standstill Period, as of 1st July 2003, the parties to the Participation Agreement may accept an offer (whether by way of tender offer or otherwise) by a Hostile Third Party which is not acceptable to either DaimlerChrysler or SOGEADE (a "**Hostile Offer**"), subject to provisions requiring, inter alia, the party wishing to accept, to first offer its EADS shares to DaimlerChrysler and/or SOGEADE, in which case DaimlerChrysler and/or SOGEADE may exercise their pre-emption rights in respect of all or some only of the EADS shares held by the party wishing to accept the Hostile Offer.

Any sale of EADS shares, other than the EADS Indirect Shares, by DaimlerChrysler, SOGEADE or Lagardère, at a time when a Hostile Third Party is a shareholder and purchaser of EADS shares on the market, is subject to the pre-emption right of SOGEADE, DaimlerChrysler and SOGEPA respectively. In the case of a sale by Lagardère, if SOGEPA does not exercise its right of pre-emption, DaimlerChrysler has in turn a pre-emption right.

Dissolution of Contractual Partnership and EADS Participations B.V.

The Contractual Partnership and EADS Participations B.V. will be dissolved and wound up upon the occurrence of certain events (each, a "**Termination Event**") including:

- if the proportion which the Indirect EADS Shares of either DaimlerChrysler or SOGEADE bears to the total number of EADS shares is less than 10%, unless the difference between the holdings of DaimlerChrysler and SOGEADE (calculated as a percentage by reference to the number of Indirect EADS Shares held by each of them as against the total number of EADS shares) is 5% or less, in which case the dissolution and winding up shall only occur if the proportion which the Indirect EADS Shares of DaimlerChrysler or SOGEADE bears to the total number of EADS shares is 5% or less; or
- if, on a change of control of either Lagardère, SOGEPA, SOGEADE or DaimlerChrysler, no notice of an offer by a third party to purchase the SOGEADE shares or the Indirect EADS Shares held by the party undergoing the change of control (the "**Changed Party**") (which offer the Changed Party wishes to accept) has been served in accordance with the Participation Agreement (see below "**Change of Control**") within 12 months of the date of the change of control occurring (the absence of notice of an offer by a third party to purchase the Indirect EADS Shares held by SEPI upon a change of control of SEPI does not trigger a dissolution of the Contractual Partnership or EADS Participations B.V. but shall cause SEPI to lose its main rights or liabilities under the Participation Agreement or the Contractual Partnership Agreement).

On the occurrence of a Termination Event, EADS Participations B.V. is prohibited from conducting further business except as is necessary to its liquidation or the liquidation of the Contractual Partnership.



Change of Control

The Participation Agreement provides, inter alia, that if (a) Lagardère or SOGEPA undergoes a change of control and DaimlerChrysler so elects (b) SOGEADE undergoes a change of control and DaimlerChrysler so elects (c) DaimlerChrysler undergoes a change of control and SOGEADE so elects (d) SEPI undergoes a change of control and SOGEADE or DaimlerChrysler so elects then:

- (i) the party undergoing the change of control shall use its reasonable efforts to procure the sale of its SOGEADE interest (if the party undergoing the change of control is Lagardère or SOGEPA) or of its Indirect EADS Shares (if the party undergoing the change of control is DaimlerChrysler, SOGEADE or SEPI) to a third party purchaser on bona fide arm's length terms. When the party subject to the change of control is Lagardère or SOGEPA, the third party purchaser shall be nominated with DaimlerChrysler's consent, not to be unreasonably withheld; and
- (ii) in the event that a third party offers to purchase the SOGEADE interest held by Lagardère or SOGEPA or the Indirect EADS Shares held by DaimlerChrysler, SOGEADE or SEPI as the case may be, is received and the party undergoing the change of control wishes to accept that offer, such offer shall immediately be notified to (a) DaimlerChrysler in the case of a change of control occurring to Lagardère or SOGEPA, (b) SOGEADE in the case of the change of control occurring to DaimlerChrysler, (c) DaimlerChrysler in the case of the change of control occurring to SOGEADE, or (d) DaimlerChrysler or SOGEADE in the case of the change of control occurring to SEPI (the party notified under (a), (b), (c) or (d) being the **"Non-Changed Party"**). The Non-Changed Party shall have a first right to purchase the SOGEADE interest or the Indirect EADS shares being offered for sale at the price being offered by the third party. In relation to (d), if DaimlerChrysler and SOGEADE have both elected that SEPI procure a third party purchaser, then they shall each have the right to acquire SEPI's Indirect EADS Shares in the respective proportions which the number of their EADS shares bear to one another at that time. In the event that the Non-Changed Party does not give notice of its intention to purchase the SOGEADE interest or the Indirect EADS Shares within 30 days of the offer being made, then the Changed Party is obliged to sell such SOGEADE interest or Indirect EADS Shares to the third party on the terms of the third party's original offer.

The third party purchaser may not be a competitor of EADS, SOGEADE or DaimlerChrysler (as the case may be) nor a member of the Group which has taken control of the Changed Party.

Events of Default Other Than Change of Control

The Participation Agreement provides for certain actions following events of default (other than a change of control) (i.e., insolvency-related or a material breach of the Participation Agreement). In particular, if such an event of default occurs in relation to DaimlerChrysler, SOGEADE or SEPI, the non-defaulting party (respectively SOGEADE, DaimlerChrysler and SOGEADE and DaimlerChrysler acting together) has a call option over the defaulting party's EADS shares and interest in EADS Participations B.V. If such an event of default occurs in relation to Lagardère or SOGEPA, such party is obliged to use its best efforts to sell its interest in the capital of SOGEADE on bona fide arm's length terms to a third party purchaser (who must not be a competitor of EADS or DaimlerChrysler). In the case of a sale by Lagardère, the third party purchaser must be nominated by SOGEPA with DaimlerChrysler's consent (which may not be unreasonably withheld). In the case of such a sale by SOGEPA, DaimlerChrysler must consent to the sale (again, such consent may not be unreasonably withheld).

Specific Rights and Undertakings of the French State

The French State, not being a party to the Participation Agreement, entered into a separate agreement, governed by French law, with DaimlerChrysler and DCLRH on 14th October 1999 (as amended) pursuant to which:

- the French State undertakes to hold an interest of no more than 15% of the entire issued share capital of EADS through SOGEPA, SOGEADE and EADS Participations B.V.;
- the French State undertakes that neither it nor any of its undertakings will hold any EADS shares directly;
- in each case disregarding (i) those EADS shares held by the French State following the distribution without payment of consideration to certain former shareholders of Aerospatiale Matra as a result of its privatisation in June 1999 and which will have to be sold on the market; (ii) those shares held by SOGEPA or the French State which may be sold or acquired pursuant to the Participation Agreement or the SOGEADE Shareholders' Agreement (see below); and (iii) those shares held for exclusively investment purposes.

Moreover, pursuant to an agreement entered into between EADS and the French State (the **"Ballistic Missiles Agreement"**), EADS has granted to the French State (a) a veto right and subsequently a call option on the ballistic missiles activity exercisable in the event that (i) a third party which is not affiliated to the DaimlerChrysler and/or Lagardère Groups acquires, directly or indirectly, either alone or in concert, more than 10% or any multiple thereof of the share capital or voting rights of EADS or (ii) the sale of the ballistic missiles assets or of the shares of such companies carrying out such activity is

considered after the termination of the SOGEADE Shareholders' Agreement and (b) a right to oppose the transfer of any such assets or shares during the duration of the SOGEADE Shareholders' Agreement.

SOGEADE

SOGEADE is a French partnership limited by shares (*société en commandite par actions*) the share capital of which is split between SOGEPA (50%) and Désirade, a French *société par actions simplifiée* (50%). The share capital of Désirade is itself wholly owned by Lagardère. Lagardère hence owns indirectly 50% of SOGEADE.

The general partner (*associé commandité*) of SOGEADE, SOGEADE Gérance, is a French *société par actions simplifiée* which is the manager of SOGEADE.

SOGEADE Gérance's board of directors consists of eight directors, four of them nominated by Lagardère and four by SOGEPA. Decisions of SOGEADE Gérance's board shall be approved by a simple majority of directors except for the following matters which require the approval of a qualified majority of six of the eight directors: (a) acquisitions or divestments of shares or assets the individual value of which exceeds €500 million; (b) agreements establishing strategic alliances, or industrial or financial co-operation; (c) a capital increase of EADS of more than €500 million to which no preferential right to subscribe for the shares is attached; (d) any decision to divest or create a security interest over the assets relating to prime contractor status, design, development and integration of ballistic missiles or the majority shareholdings in the companies Cilas, Sodern, Nuclétudes and the GIE Cosyde. The decisions contemplated under (d) above are also governed by the Ballistic Missiles Agreement (see above "— Specific Rights and Undertakings of the French State").

When a vote of SOGEADE Gérance's board on such matters does not reach the qualified majority of six directors by reason of any of the SOGEPA-nominated directors casting a negative vote, the SOGEADE-nominated directors on the board of EADS Participations B.V. are obliged to vote against the proposal. This means that the French State as the owner of SOGEPA can veto any decisions on these matters within EADS Participations B.V. and in turn within EADS as long as the SOGEADE Shareholders' Agreement remains in existence.

The shareholding structure of SOGEADE shall reflect at all times the indirect interests of all the shareholders of SOGEADE in EADS.

In certain circumstances, in particular in the event of a change of control of Lagardère, Lagardère shall grant a call option over its SOGEADE shares to any non-public third party designated by

SOGEPA and approved by DaimlerChrysler. This option may be exercised during the term of the SOGEADE Shareholders' Agreement on the basis of the market price for the EADS shares.

The SOGEADE Shareholders' Agreement shall terminate if Lagardère or SOGEPA ceases to hold at least 20% of the capital of SOGEADE, except that: (a) the provisions relating to the call option granted by Lagardère described above shall remain in force as long as the Participation Agreement is in force, (b) as long as SOGEPA holds at least one SOGEADE share, it will remain entitled to nominate a SOGEADE Gérance Director whose approval will be required in respect of any decision to divest or create a security interest over the assets relating to prime contractor status, design, development and integration of ballistic missiles activity or the majority shareholdings in the companies Cilas, Sodern, Nuclétudes and the GIE Cosyde; and (c) the SOGEADE Shareholders' Agreement will be terminated in the event of a dissolution of EADS Participations B.V. caused by DaimlerChrysler. In the latter case, the parties have undertaken to negotiate a new shareholders' agreement in the spirit of the shareholders' agreement between them dated 14th April 1999 relating to Aerospatiale Matra and having regard to their respective shareholdings in SOGEADE at the time of the dissolution of EADS Participations B.V.

Put Option

Under the Participation Agreement, SOGEADE grants a put option to DaimlerChrysler over its EADS shares which shall be exercisable by DaimlerChrysler, (i) in the event of a deadlock arising from the exercise by SOGEPA of its rights relating to certain strategic decisions (listed above under the description of SOGEADE) other than those relating to the ballistic missiles activity or (ii) during certain periods provided that in both cases the French State still holds any direct or indirect interest in EADS shares. The put option may only be exercised in respect of all and not some only of DaimlerChrysler's EADS shares.

The exercise price of the option will be calculated on the basis of an average market price for EADS shares.

In the event that DaimlerChrysler exercises the put option granted to it by SOGEADE, SOGEADE will acquire the EADS shares from DaimlerChrysler. However, Lagardère has the right to require SOGEPA to substitute itself for SOGEADE in relation to the acquisition of DaimlerChrysler's EADS shares following the exercise by DaimlerChrysler of the put option. Such substitution right has been accepted by DaimlerChrysler. In the event that Lagardère does not exercise such substitution right, Lagardère would have to provide its pro rata part of the financing necessary for such acquisition. SOGEPA undertakes to provide its pro rata part of the financing corresponding to its rights in SOGEADE. Should Lagardère decide not to take part in the financing, (a) SOGEPA undertakes to substitute itself for



SOGEADE to buy the shares sold by DaimlerChrysler as a result of the exercise of its put option and SOGEPA or Lagardère may request the liquidation of SOGEADE and EADS Participations B.V. and the termination of the SOGEADE Shareholders' Agreement (notwithstanding the termination provisions of the SOGEADE Shareholders' Agreement described under the paragraph "SOGEADE" above). In that case, Lagardère could freely sell its EADS shares on the market or in a block sale to a third party.

Pledge over EADS Shares Granted to EADS Participations B.V.

Upon Completion and in order to secure their undertakings under the Contractual Partnership Agreement and the Participation Agreement, SOGEADE, DaimlerChrysler and SEPI granted a pledge over their respective Indirect EADS Shares to EADS Participations B.V. for the benefit of EADS Participations B.V. and the other parties to the Contractual Partnership Agreement.

Contributions to EADS — Specific Undertakings of EADS

EADS has agreed not to dispose of the shares contributed to it by Aerospatiale Matra, Dasa AG and SEPI for a period of seven years. The contribution agreements entered into between EADS on the one hand and Aerospatiale Matra, Dasa AG and SEPI on the other hand, provide that EADS may, if it determines that this is desirable, dispose of such shares provided that EADS shall, on demand, indemnify Lagardère and SOGEPA (in the case of a sale of shares contributed by Aerospatiale Matra), Dasa AG or SEPI, as the case may be, for all tax disadvantages (tax actually paid or borne by them as well as any consumption of loss-carry-forward potential) they suffer as a result of the loss of the tax benefit triggered by the disposal of the shares by EADS. Such obligation to indemnify shall cease after seven years from the date of contribution. In the event that the indemnification would be made to all three of Lagardère, SOGEPA and Dasa AG, the Board of Directors would decide on the amount of the indemnity on the basis of a report made and presented by the two independent Directors of EADS. The amount and the conditions of this indemnification will be reported to the shareholders' meeting.

DADC

EADS holds 75% of the shares in DADC Luft- und Raumfahrt Beteiligungs AG ("**DADC**") (the other 25% being held by DCLRH). The share capital of Dornier GmbH is held as to 97.1% by DADC and as to 2.9% by the Dornier family. In shareholders' meetings, DADC is entitled to more than 95.2%

and the Dornier family to less than 4.8% of the voting rights in Dornier GmbH. DADC and Dornier GmbH have entered into a control and profit and loss transfer agreement.

A considerable number of shareholders' resolutions in Dornier GmbH require a majority of 100% of the votes cast in the shareholders' meeting notably resolutions to dissolve the company, alterations of the Articles of Association if they terminate, limit or have an impact on the rights of the minority shareholders, reduction of share capital, mergers (unless Dornier GmbH is the surviving entity), the transfer of holdings in other enterprises or the transfer of whole areas of enterprise activities with the exception of transfers of assets in return for shares or as a contribution in kind or to a company associated with DaimlerChrysler, which is assumed to be the case if DaimlerChrysler controls at least 20% of its share capital. The same requirement applies with regard to all transfers of shares of Dornier GmbH held by the DaimlerChrysler Group (including associated enterprises) subject to certain exceptions including the transfer to other DaimlerChrysler Group companies (including associated enterprises). Furthermore, the Dornier family receives a guaranteed dividend from Dornier GmbH (depending on the nature of the shares) of 8.7% or 15% of the nominal amount of their shares plus any corporation tax credits. The guaranteed dividend is indexed. DaimlerChrysler has guaranteed the payment of the minimum dividend to the Dornier family shareholders. In the case of the profit and loss transfer agreement, which presently exists between DADC and Dornier GmbH, the Dornier family shareholders are entitled to receive payments corresponding at least to the amount which they would be entitled to in the absence of such profit and loss transfer agreement. Internally DADC has assumed this obligation.

On 30th November 1988 DaimlerChrysler and the Dornier family entered into a separate agreement to strengthen the rights of DaimlerChrysler and, simultaneously, to protect the economic interests of the minority shareholders. The latter can, in particular, demand that their shares in Dornier GmbH be bought (i) for cash consideration or (ii) in exchange for DaimlerChrysler shares or (iii) in exchange for shares in a company in which, or under which, DaimlerChrysler concentrates its aerospace activities by DaimlerChrysler or another company associated with DaimlerChrysler and nominated by DaimlerChrysler. On 29th March 2000 DaimlerChrysler, DCLRH, DADC, EADS Deutschland GmbH and Dasa AG entered into an agreement according to which DaimlerChrysler has the right to demand from DADC to buy the shares so offered by the Dornier family shareholders. DaimlerChrysler shall reimburse DADC for any amount to be paid being above the fair market value of the shares. Moreover, DADC will assume certain other rights and obligations relating to the protection of the interests of the Dornier family.

On 29th December 2004, Silvius Dornier and DaimlerChrysler entered into an agreement to transfer all of the remaining shares of Silvius Dornier in Dornier GmbH (3.58%) to DaimlerChrysler or another company of the DaimlerChrysler Group nominated by DaimlerChrysler and to settle all of the rights and potential claims of Silvius Dornier resulting from or in connection with his shareholding in Dornier GmbH. None of the other family shareholders exercised their three months' right of first refusal to acquire these shares so that the legal transfer became effective on 17th April 2005. According to the above mentioned agreement between DaimlerChrysler, DCLRH, DADC, EADS Deutschland GmbH and Dasa AG ("*Handhabungsvereinbarung*"), DADC had irrevocably offered to DaimlerChrysler to buy these shares at market value upon effectiveness of their sale to DaimlerChrysler, which offer was accepted by DaimlerChrysler and the deal being brought to closure on 3rd May 2005.

Under the terms of the business combination agreements entered into in the context of the creation of EADS, DCLRH has undertaken to indemnify Lagardère (for itself and on behalf of each member of the Lagardère Group) and SEPI and shall keep them indemnified, against (save in respect of any

consequential loss not foreseeable by DCLRH (or any member of the DaimlerChrysler Group) all or any costs, claims, demands, expenses, losses or liabilities that they (or any of them) may suffer or incur from the date of the business combination agreements entered into in the context of the creation of EADS as a result of all or any of the shareholders of Dornier GmbH other than a member of the Dasa Group obtaining or seeking to obtain any rights or remedies against Lagardère (or any member of the Lagardère Group), SEPI, the Contractual Partnership, EADS Participation B.V., Dasa AG, EADS or any entity contributed by or on behalf of DaimlerChrysler which is to become a member of the Group or any member of the Dasa AG Group. This indemnity shall also extend to EADS to the extent such protection is not provided for in the transfer of the Dasa business to EADS.

Other than the relationships between the Company and its principal shareholders described above in this Section 3.3.2, to the Company's knowledge, there are no potential conflicts of interest relative to the Company between the duties of the Directors and their respective private interests or other duties.

3.3.3 Form of Shares

The shares of EADS are in registered form. The Board of Directors may decide in respect of all or certain shares, on shares in bearer form.

Shares shall be registered in the shareholders' register without the issue of a share certificate or, should the Board of Directors

so decide, in respect of all or certain shares, with the issue of a certificate. Share certificates shall be issued in such form as the Board of Directors may determine. Registered shares shall be numbered in the manner to be determined by the Board of Directors.

3.3.4 Changes in the Shareholding of the Company Since its Incorporation

The Company was founded with an authorised share capital of 500,000 Netherlands Guilders ("**NLG**") divided into 500 shares each having a nominal value of 1,000 NLG, of which 100 were issued to Aerospatiale Matra on 29th December 1998. These shares were transferred to Dasa AG by way of notarised transfer certificate on 28th December 1999.

The changes in the shareholding of the Company since its initial public offering and listing are set forth below (for a description of the changes in the issued share capital of the Company since its incorporation, see "3.2.5 Changes in the Issued Share Capital Since Incorporation of the Company").

Since July 2000, 4,293,746 EADS shares have been distributed without payment of consideration by the French State to certain former shareholders of Aerospatiale Matra as a result of its privatisation in June 1999. The last distribution took place in July 2002.

In addition, in January 2001, the French State and Lagardère sold on the market all of their EADS shares (respectively 7,500,000 and 16,709,333 EADS shares) other than their Indirect EADS Shares (and, in the case of the French State, other than the EADS shares to be distributed to former shareholders of Aerospatiale Matra, see "— 3.3.2 Relationships



with Principal Shareholders — Specific Rights and Undertakings of the French State”) that they held as a result of the non-exercise of the over-allotment option granted to the underwriters in the context of the initial public offering carried out by the Company for the purpose of its listing in July 2000 (including, in the case of Lagardère, those shares other than its Indirect EADS Shares purchased from the French Financial Institutions at the end of the exercise period of the over-allotment option).

On 8th July 2004, DaimlerChrysler announced that it had placed on the market (in the context of a hedging transaction) all of its EADS shares (22,227,478 EADS shares), representing 2.73% of the capital and 2.78% of the EADS voting rights at that date, except for its Indirect EADS Shares.

On 4th April 2006, DaimlerChrysler and Lagardère announced the entry into simultaneous transactions aimed at reducing by 7.5% each their respective shareholdings in EADS. DaimlerChrysler entered into a forward sale agreement of approximately 61 million EADS shares with a group of investment banks. DaimlerChrysler indicated that it lent these shares to the banks in anticipation of the settlement of the forward sale. Lagardère issued mandatory exchangeable bonds. The EADS shares deliverable at the maturity of the bonds will represent a maximum of 7.5% of the share capital of EADS, or approximately 61 million EADS shares.

On 9th February 2007, DaimlerChrysler reached an agreement with a consortium of private and public-sector investors by which it will effectively reduce its shareholding in EADS from 22.5% to 15%. DaimlerChrysler has placed its entire 22.5% equity interest in EADS into a new company, in which the consortium of investors will acquire a one-third interest through a special-purpose entity. This effectively represents a 7.5% stake in EADS. DaimlerChrysler has the option of dissolving the new structure on 1st July 2010 at the earliest. If the structure is dissolved, DaimlerChrysler has the right either to provide the investors with EADS shares or to pay cash compensation. If EADS shares are provided, the German State, and the French State and Lagardère through SOGEADE, will be entitled to pre-empt such EADS shares to retain the balance between the German and the French side. DaimlerChrysler will continue to control the voting rights of the entire 22.5% package of EADS shares.

As from the date of filing with the AFM of the Registration Document of the Company for the financial year 2005 (26th April 2006), the Company received a threshold notification stating that, as of 8th September 2006, JSC Vneshtorgbank held 41,050,705 EADS shares. As of 31st December 2006, JSC Vneshtorgbank held 5.03% of the share capital of the Company.

The Division of the issued shares and voting rights of the Company before exercise of outstanding stock options granted for the subscription of EADS shares (see “Part 1 – 2.3.3 Long Terms Incentive Plans”) in respect of the past three years is indicated in the table below:

Shareholders	Position as at 31 st Dec. 2006			Position as at 31 st Dec. 2005			Position as at 31 st Dec. 2004		
	% of capital	% of voting rights	Number of shares	% of capital	% of voting rights	Number of shares	% of capital	% of voting rights	Number of shares
Dasa AG	22.47%	22.71%	183,337,704	29.89%	30.29%	244,447,704	30.20%	30.43%	244,447,704
SOGEADE	29.96%	30.27%	244,447,704	29.89%	30.29%	244,447,704	30.20%	30.43%	244,447,704
SEPI	5.48%	5.54%	44,690,871	5.47%	5.53%	44,690,871	5.52%	5.56%	44,690,871
Sub-total Contractual Partnership	57.91%	58.52%	472,476,279	65.25%	66.11%	533,586,279	65.92%	66.42%	533,586,279
French State	0.06%	0.06%	502,746	0.06%	0.06%	502,746*	0.06%	0.06%	502,746
Public	40.99%	41.42%	334,448,355	33.39%	33.83%	273,061,396**	33.25%	33.52%	269,248,792
Own share buy-back***	1.04%	—	8,504,144	1.30%	-	10,592,709	0.77%	-	6,241,252
Total	100.00%	100.00%	815,931,524	100.00%	100.00%	817,743,130	100.00%	100.00%	809,579,069

(*) Shares held by the French State following the distribution without payment of consideration of 4,293,746 shares to certain former shareholders of Aerospatiale Matra as a result of its privatisation in June 1999. All the shares currently held by the French State will have to be sold on the market.

(**) Including EADS employees. As at 31st December 2006, EADS employees hold approximately 1.72% of the share capital and 1.74% of the voting rights.

(***) The EADS shares owned by the Company itself do not carry voting rights.

To the knowledge of the Company, except as disclosed previously in “3.3.2 Relationships with Principal Shareholders”, there are no pledges over the shares of the Company.

The Company requested a disclosure of the identity of the beneficial holders of its shares held by identifiable holders (“*Titres au porteur identifiable*”) holding more than 2,000 shares each. The study, which was completed on 29th December 2006, resulted in the identification of 1,590 shareholders holding a total of 296,788,586 EADS shares (including 9,566,454 shares

held by Iberclear on behalf of the Spanish markets and 36,606,433 shares held by Clearstream on behalf of the German market).

The shareholding structure of the Company is as shown in the diagram in “3.3.1 Shareholding Structure”.

For further information on changes to shareholdings since 31st December 2006, see also “1.2 Recent Developments”.

3.3.5 Persons Exercising Control over the Company

See “3.3.1 Shareholding Structure” and “3.3.2 Relationships with Principal Shareholders”.

3.3.6 Simplified Group Structure Chart

The following chart illustrates the simplified organisational structure of EADS, comprising five Divisions and the main BUs. For ease of presentation, intermediate holding companies have been omitted. The shaded boxes represent Divisions (with respect to the MTA Division) or BUs (with respect to Military Air Systems) that are part of the legal entities referred to in parentheses. The coloured boxes denote entities forming part of

one of EADS’ five Divisions. The non-coloured boxes denote entities that are holding companies or participations not within one of EADS’ five Divisions and do not directly form part of the management responsibility of a specified director. Socata, EADS ATR, ATR GIE, EFW and Sogerma are ‘Other Businesses’ and do not form part of EADS’ five Divisions. See “1.1.1 Overview – Organisation of EADS Businesses”.

3.3.7 Purchase by the Company of its Own Shares

3.3.7.1 Dutch Law and Information on Share Buy-Back Programmes

Pursuant to Commission Regulation (EC) No. 2273/2003, the Company is subject to conditions for share buy-back programmes and disclosure relating thereto, as described below.

Under Dutch Civil law, the Company may acquire its own shares, subject to certain provisions of the law of the Netherlands and the Articles of Association, if (i) the shareholders' equity less the payment required to make the acquisition does not fall below the sum of paid-up and called portion of the share capital and any reserves required by the law of the Netherlands and (ii) the Company and its subsidiaries would not thereafter hold or hold in pledge shares with an aggregate nominal value exceeding one-tenth of the Company's issued share capital. Share acquisitions may be effected by the Board of Directors only if the shareholders in general meeting have authorised the Board of Directors to effect such repurchases. Such authorisation may apply for a maximum period of 18 months.

Shares held by the Company do not carry voting rights. Usufructuaries and pledgees of shares that are held by the Company are, however, not excluded from their voting rights in such cases where the right of usufruct or pledge was vested before the share was held by the Company.

The annual shareholders' meeting of EADS held on 4th May 2006 authorised the Board of Directors, in a resolution that renewed the previous authorisation given by the annual shareholders' meeting of EADS held on 11th May 2005, for a period of 18 months from the date of such meeting, to repurchase shares of the Company, by any means, including by derivative products, on any stock exchange or otherwise, as long as, upon such repurchase, the Company shall not hold more than 10% of the Company's issued share capital and at a price not less than the nominal value and not more than the higher of the price of the last independent trade and the highest current independent bid on the trading venues where the purchase is carried out.

As of July 2006, the Company had purchased in aggregate 15,161,114 of its own shares, 6,656,970 of which were cancelled on 20th July 2006.

As of the date of this document, the Company had purchased in aggregate 8,680,253 of its own shares.

A resolution will be submitted to the annual shareholders' meeting of EADS called for 4th May 2007 in order to supersede and replace the authorisation given by the annual shareholders' meeting held on 4th May 2006 and authorize the Board of Directors, for a new period of 18 months as from the date of such meeting, to repurchase shares of the Company, by any means, including by derivative products, on any stock exchange or otherwise, as long as, upon such repurchase, the Company shall not hold more than 10% of the Company's issued share capital and at a price not less than the nominal value and not more than the higher of the price of the last independent trade and the highest current independent bid on the trading venues where the purchase is carried out.

3.3.7.2 French Regulations

As a result of its listing for trading on a regulated market in France, the Company is subject to the regulations summarised below.

Pursuant to Articles 241-1 to 241-6 of the AMF General Regulations, the purchase by a company of its own shares, in principle, requires the publication of the description of the share-buy programme. Such description must be published prior to the implementation of the share buy-back programme.

Under Articles 631-1 to 631-4 of the AMF General Regulations, a company may not trade in its own shares for the purpose of manipulating the market. Articles 631-5 and 631-6 of the AMF General Regulations also define the conditions for a company's trading in its own shares to be valid.

After purchasing its own shares, the Company is required to disclose on its website specified information regarding such purchases within at least seven trading days and publish on a monthly basis a release gathering all the specified information regarding such purchases previously published on its website.

Additionally, the Company must notably report to the AMF, on at least a monthly basis, information concerning the cancellation of such repurchased shares.

3.3.7.3 German Regulations

As a foreign issuer, the Company is not subject to German rules on repurchase its own shares, which only apply to German issuers.

3.3.7.4 Spanish Regulations

As a foreign issuer, the Company does not have to comply with the Spanish rules on trading in its own shares, which only apply to Spanish issuers.

However, according to the Conduct Rules under the Spanish Securities Act 24/1988 of 28th July 1988, the Company may not trade in its own shares for the purpose of manipulating the market.

3.3.7.5 Description of the Share Buy-Back Programme to be Authorised by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting to be held on 4th May 2007

Pursuant to Articles 241-2-I and 241-3-III of the AMF General Regulations, below is a description of the share buy-back programme ("*descriptif du programme*") to be implemented by the Company:

- **date of the general shareholders' meeting to authorise the share buy-back programme to be held:** 4th May 2007;
- **number of EADS shares and corresponding percentage of share capital held directly and indirectly by the Company:** 8,680,253 shares representing 1.06% of the share capital as at the date of this document;
- **intended use of the EADS shares held by the Company as at the date of this document:** the reduction of share capital by cancellation of all or part of the repurchased shares, in particular to avoid the dilution effect related to certain share capital increases for cash (i) reserved or to be reserved for employees of the EADS Group and/or (ii) carried out or to be carried out in the context of the exercise of stock options granted or to be granted to certain EADS Group employees: 8,680,253 shares.

For information on shares held by EADS at the date of the entry into force of EC Regulation n° 2273/2003 of 22nd December 2003 on 13th October 2004 and still held by EADS at the date of this document, see below:

- **Purposes of the share buy-back programme to be implemented by the Company (by order of decreasing priority, without any effect on the actual order of use of the buy-back authorisation, which shall be determined according to needs and possibilities):**
 - the reduction of share capital by cancellation of all or part of the repurchased shares, in particular to avoid the dilution effect related to certain share capital increases for cash (i) reserved or to be reserved for employees of the

EADS Group and/or (ii) carried out or to be carried out in the context of the exercise of stock options granted or to be granted to certain EADS Group employees, it being understood that the repurchased shares shall not carry any voting or dividend rights,

- the owning of shares for the performance of obligations related to:

- (i) debt financial instruments convertible into EADS' shares,
- (ii) employee share option programmes or other allocations of shares to the EADS Group employees,

- the purchase of shares for retention and subsequent use for exchange or payment in the framework of potential external growth transactions, and

- the liquidity or dynamism of the secondary market of the EADS shares carried out pursuant to a liquidity agreement to be entered into with an independent investment services provider in compliance with the decision of the AMF dated 22nd March 2005 related to approval of liquidity agreements recognised as market practices by the AMF;

- **Procedure:**

- maximum portion of the issued share capital to be repurchased by the Company: 10%;
- maximum number of shares to be repurchased by the Company upon authorisation by the general shareholders' meeting: the portion of 10% would represent 81,602,573 shares of the Company issued share capital representing 816,025,734 shares as of the date of this document. This maximum portion of 10% would represent 84,680,356 shares based on the 846,803,563 shares which would make up the entire fully-diluted share capital of the Company after the issue of 30,777,829 shares as a result of the exercise of stock options, which can still be exercised as of the date of this document, which the board of directors decided to grant to certain EADS Group employees in 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2006,
- furthermore, the amounts to be paid in consideration for the purchase of the treasury shares must not, in accordance with applicable Dutch law, exceed the equity components which are, per se, repayable or distributable to the shareholders. "Equity components repayable or distributable to the shareholders" means the contribution premiums (in relation to contributions in kind), the issue premiums (in relation to cash contributions) and the other reserves as set out in the financial statements of EADS, from which the repurchase price for the treasury shares must be deducted.

As at 31st December 2006, the respective values of each of these EADS' equity components which are by nature

repayable or distributable to the shareholders were: €8,160,000,000 (contribution premiums), €(742,000,000) (other reserves) and €(349,000,000) (treasury shares), i.e., an aggregate amount of €7,069,000,000.

EADS reserves the right to implement the share purchase programme to its full extent and undertakes not to exceed, directly or indirectly, the threshold of 10% of the issued share capital as well as the amount of €7,069,000,000 throughout the term of the programme.

Finally, EADS undertakes to maintain at any time a sufficient number of shares in public hands to meet the thresholds of Euronext Paris S.A.

- Shares may be bought or sold at any time (including during a public offering) to the extent authorised by the stock exchange regulations and by any means, including, without limitation, that the part of the programme which may be carried out by means of sale or purchase of block trades and including the use of options, combinations of derivative financial instruments or the issue of securities giving rights in any way to EADS shares within the limits set out in this prospectus. Moreover, EADS will use call options and swap that have been acquired pursuant to the agreements it had entered into during the previous share repurchase programme (see below) and does not exclude the possibility of using a structure of transaction similar to the one that had been used in the previous share repurchase programme in order to repurchase its own shares.

The portion of shares repurchased by means of the use of block trades may amount to all the shares to be repurchased in the context of this programme.

In addition, in the event that derivative financial instruments are used, EADS shall ensure that it does not use mechanisms which would significantly increase the volatility of the shares in particular in the context of call options.

- characteristics of the shares to be repurchased by the Company upon authorisation by the general shareholders' meeting: shares of EADS, a company listed on the *marché Eurolist* of Euronext Paris S.A., on the Amtlicher Handel market of the Frankfurt Securities Exchange ("*Frankfurter Wertpapierbörse*") and on the Madrid, Bilbao, Barcelona and Valencia Stock Exchanges,
- DaimlerChrysler, Dasa AG, the French State, Lagardère, SEPI, SOGEADE and SOGEPa will retain all of their rights, depending on the circumstances, to sell their available EADS shares to EADS as part of this share buy-back programme,
- maximum purchase price per share: €70.

- **Term of the share buy-back programme:** this share repurchase programme shall be valid until 4th November 2008 inclusive, i.e., the date of expiry of the authorisation requested from the Annual General Meeting of 4th May 2007. One of the main aims of this EADS share repurchase programme is linked to the possible exercise by EADS Group employees of stock options granted to them in 2000, 2001 and 2002, it is currently intended (i) that such a programme be continued and renewed so that it expires on 9th August 2012 (8th August 2012 being the latest date upon which an employee of the EADS Group may exercise all or part of his/her stock options granted in 2002) and (ii) that the EADS annual general meeting be asked to renew the authorisations until such date.

- **Declaration by the Company of transactions carried out in relation to its own shares from 4th May 2006 to the date of this document:**

Percentage of share capital held directly and indirectly	1.06%
Number of shares cancelled during the last 24 months	7,993,328
Number of shares held in portfolio	8,680,253
Book value of portfolio	€m 158,45
Market value of portfolio	€m 189,33

The 1,843,814 EADS shares held by EADS at the date of the entry into force of EC Regulation n° 2273/2003 of 22nd December 2003 on 13th October 2004 and still held by EADS at the date of this document shall be, in order of decreasing priority, either (i) cancelled pursuant to a decision to be made, according to Dutch law, by an EADS annual general meeting, to avoid the dilution effect related to certain share capital increases for cash carried out, during the fiscal year preceding such annual general meeting, in the context of an EADS employee share ownership programme and/or upon the exercise of stock options granted to certain EADS Group employees, or (ii) kept in order to allow the performance of certain obligations described within the aims of the share repurchase programme referred to in this document, or (iii) used for exchange or payment in the framework of a potential external growth transaction, or (iv) sold in the context of a liquidity agreement in compliance with the provisions of Instruction AMF No. 2005-07.

In addition, it is envisaged that the EADS Annual General Meeting to be held on 4th May 2007 be requested to decide upon the cancellation of 4,568,405 repurchased shares to avoid the dilution effect related to the share capital increases for cash carried out upon the exercise in 2006 of stock options granted to certain EADS Group employees in 2000, 2001 and 2002 (in an amount of 100% of the shares issued in such context).



As of the date of this document, EADS has not entered into any liquidity agreement with an independent investment services provider in the context of this share repurchase programme.

In the context of this share repurchase programme, EADS used derivative financial instruments (see below). These derivative financial instruments (call options) have the characteristics set out in the table below.

	Gross cumulative flows		Opening positions as of the date of this document			
	Purchases	Sales/Transfers (Exercise of Option)	Opening Position on the Purchase		Opening Position on the Sale	
Number of Shares	650,953	-	Call purchased 8,804,774	Forward sale	Call purchased	Sale
Average Maximum Maturity Date*			9 th August 2012	-	-	-
Average Price of the Transaction*		-				
Average Exercise Price*		-	-	-	-	-
Total	€12,424,336	-				

(* See "Part 1 – 2.3.3 Long Term Incentive Plans".

A share repurchase programme is being implemented since 2004 in order to avoid the dilution effect related to the share capital increases in cash which would result from the exercise of the stock options granted to certain employees of the EADS Group in 2000, 2001 and 2002. This share repurchase programme is implemented according to the neutral delta method as a means of repurchase in order to compensate for the dilution effect of such stock option plans as approved by the Board of Directors on 5th December 2002 and 10th October 2003.

In relation to this repurchase programme, EADS entered into the following agreements: (i) call options agreements allowing EADS to acquire from a top ranking French bank a number of EADS' shares equal to the number of shares to be created as a result of the exercise of stock options granted to certain employees of the EADS Group in 2000, 2001 and 2002, and (ii) swap agreements for the periodical adjustment of an amount in cash equal to the premiums paid by EADS to a top ranking French bank pursuant to the call options agreements, in accordance with the neutral delta method.

Pursuant to these agreements, the call options which EADS acquired from a top ranking French bank, have the same terms (as to exercise prices, exercise dates, quantities and expiry dates) as the stock options granted pursuant to the 2000, 2001 and 2002 stock option plans. If the EADS share price increases, the top ranking French bank must buy the number of EADS shares which then derived from the increase in price according to the delta neutral method formula. The total amount paid for these shares by the top ranking French bank corresponds to the financial charge borne by EADS, as determined from the variable amounts in the swap agreement. On the other hand, in the case of a reduction in the EADS share price, the top ranking French bank must sell a number of EADS shares which derived from the reduction in the share price according to the

neutral delta method formula. The total amount received by the top ranking French bank for the sale of these shares corresponds to the financial revenues received by EADS as determined from the variable amounts in the swap contract. Under these conditions, the final amount due as a result of the purchases of the call options is only known at the time of the payment as determined from the last variable amount of the swap contract.

The structure of the transaction aims at covering off the dilution effect and the price risk for EADS linked to the exercise of stock options granted to certain EADS Group employees in 2000, 2001 and 2002.

Within this context, EADS uses the internal control procedures put in place by the Company in order to ensure the reliability of the management of the risks linked to these call options and swap. The procedures and tools for reporting have been set up, the responsibility and powers have been delegated to the Finance and Treasury department of EADS which has responsibility for all operational decisions and all activities within its competence. The relevant competent bodies within the organisation must be made aware of all substantial transactions, activities and risks.

From an accounting standpoint, the call options qualify as equity instruments, provided that they are physically settled in EADS' own stock (IAS 32.16). The initial accounting led to a reduction in cash balances for the premiums paid and in stockholder's equity for the same corresponding amount. With each variable payment made in application of the delta neutral method formula, there is a corresponding impact on cash and on equity to reflect the cumulative premiums paid on the call options. Upon exercise of the call options, EADS decreases cash by the amount paid (strike price times number of options) and deducts treasury shares from shareholder's equity. Variations in

the market value of the call options are not recognised in the financial statements. All such transactions are therefore neutral on the income statement.

The top ranking French bank has contractually undertaken to comply with the regulations in force in relation to repurchase procedures applicable to EADS and in particular the provisions of Articles 241-1 to 241-6 and 631-1 *et seq.* of the General Regulations of the AMF.

3.4 Dividends

3.4.1 Dividends and Cash Distributions Paid Since the Incorporation of the Company

Cash distributions, paid to the shareholders since the incorporation of the Company, are summarized in the table below:

Financial Year	Date of the cash distribution payment	Gross amount per share
2000	27 th June 2001	€0.50
2001	28 th June 2002	€0.50
2002	12 th June 2003	€0.30
2003	4 th June 2004	€0.40
2004	8 th June 2005	€0.50
2005	1 st June 2006	€0.65

3.4.2 Dividend Policy of EADS

Given the extraordinary circumstances and the important challenges that came to light during the year 2006, and which are not tied to the commercial air transportation economic cycle, the Board of Directors unanimously agreed that the amount of the proposed cash distribution should be substantially reduced.

While this opinion constitutes a departure from the policy adopted last year, the Board of Directors does not recommend to rescind such policy, but endorses a temporary suspension. Looking forward, EADS' Board of Directors still believes that continuity and growth of dividends is a desirable shareholder objective, which must however remain subject to factors such as EADS' distribution capacity arising from performance, its priorities for cash utilisation and future prospects.

To determine whether to effect a cash distribution or not, and if so, at what level, the Board of Directors considered dividend

distribution in relation to the liquidity and capital structure of EADS, and to the opportunity of accessing capital market. It also considered Management's account of investor concerns and interpretation of a dividend payment, in the light of stock performance through the past year. Following this debate, directors could not finally agree on a dividend proposal.

In the absence of a proposal by the Board of Directors, and in accordance with Dutch law and the Company's Articles of Association, shareholders present at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders to be held on 4th May 2007 may propose that the result of the financial year 2006, i.e. €99 million, is either added to retained earnings or distributed entirely or partially as a dividend. A total distribution of the result of the financial year 2006 would represent a gross amount of €0.12 per share. The proposals made by the shareholders will be submitted to the vote at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders to be held on 4th May 2007.

3.4.3 Unclaimed Dividends

Pursuant to Article 31 of the Articles of Association, the claim for payment of a dividend or other distribution approved by the general meeting shall lapse five years after the day on which such claim becomes due and payable. The claim for payment of

interim dividends shall lapse five years after the day on which the claim for payment of the dividend against which the dividend could be distributed becomes due and payable.

3.4.4 Taxation

The statements below represent a broad analysis of the present Netherlands tax laws. The description is limited to the material tax implications for a holder of the Company's shares (the "Shares") who is not, or is not treated as, a resident of the Netherlands for Netherlands tax purposes (a "Non-Resident Holder"). Certain categories of holders of the Company's shares may be subject to special rules which are not addressed below and which may be substantially different from the general rules described below. Investors who are in doubt as to their tax position in the Netherlands and in their state of residence should consult their professional advisors.

Withholding Tax on Dividends

In general, a dividend distributed by the Company in respect of Shares will be subject to a withholding tax imposed by the Netherlands at a statutory rate of 15%. Dividends include dividends in cash or in kind, deemed and constructive dividends, repayment of paid-in capital not recognised as capital for Netherlands dividend withholding tax purposes, and liquidation proceeds in excess of the average paid-in capital recognised as capital for Netherlands dividend withholding tax purposes. Stock dividends paid out of the Company's paid-in-share premium, recognised as capital for Netherlands dividend withholding tax purposes, will not be subject to this withholding tax.

A Non-Resident Holder of Shares can be eligible for a partial or complete exemption or refund of all or a portion of the above withholding tax under a tax convention that is in effect between the Netherlands and the Non-Resident Holder's country of residence. The Netherlands has concluded such conventions with the U.S., Canada, Switzerland, Japan, almost all European Union member states and other countries.

Withholding Tax on Sale or Other Dispositions of Shares

Payments on the sale or other dispositions of Shares will not be subject to Netherlands withholding tax, unless the sale or other disposition is, or is deemed to be, made to the Company or a direct or indirect subsidiary of the Company. A redemption or sale to the Company or a direct or indirect subsidiary of the Company will be treated as a dividend and will in principle be subject to the rules set forth in "Withholding Tax on Dividends" above.

Taxes on Income and Capital Gains

A Non-Resident Holder who receives dividends distributed by the Company on Shares or who realizes a gain from the sale or disposition of Shares, will not be subject to Netherlands taxation on income or capital gains unless:

- such income or gain is attributable to an enterprise or part thereof which is either effectively managed in the Netherlands or carried on through a permanent establishment ("*vaste inrichting*") or permanent representative ("*vaste vertegenwoordiger*") in the Netherlands; or
- the Non-Resident Holder is not an individual and the Non-Resident Holder has, directly or indirectly, a substantial interest ("*aanmerkelijk belang*") or a deemed substantial interest in the Company and such interest does not form part of the assets of an enterprise, or
- the Non-Resident Holder is an individual and (i) the Non-Resident Holder has, directly or indirectly, a substantial interest ("*aanmerkelijk belang*") or a deemed substantial interest in the Company and such interest does not form part of the assets of an enterprise, or (ii) such income or gain qualifies as income from miscellaneous activities ("*belastbaar resultaat uit verage werkzaamheden*") in the Netherlands as defined in the Dutch Income Tax Act 2001 ("*Wet inkomstenbelasting 2001*").

Generally, a Non-Resident Holder of Shares will not have a substantial interest in the Company's share capital, unless the Non-Resident Holder, alone or together with certain related persons holds, jointly or severally and directly or indirectly, Shares in the Company, or a right to acquire Shares in the Company representing 5% or more of the Company's total issued and outstanding share capital or any class thereof. A deemed substantial interest exists if all or part of a substantial interest has been or is deemed to have been disposed of with application of a roll-over relief.

Gift or Inheritance Taxes

Netherlands gift or inheritance taxes will not be levied on the transfer of Shares by way of gift, or upon the death of a Non-Resident Holder, unless:

- the transfer is made by or on behalf of a person who, at the time of the gift or death, is or is deemed to be resident in the Netherlands; or
- the Shares are attributable to an enterprise or part thereof that is either effectively managed in the Netherlands or carried on through a permanent establishment or a permanent representative in the Netherlands.

Value-Added Tax

No Netherlands value-added tax is imposed on dividends on the Shares or on the transfer of the Shares.

Other Taxes and Duties

There is no Dutch registration tax, transfer tax, capital tax, stamp duty or any other similar tax or duty other than court fees payable in the Netherlands in respect of or in connection with the execution, delivery and/or enforcement by legal proceedings (including any foreign judgment in the courts of the Netherlands) with respect to the dividends relating to the Shares or on the transfer of the Shares.

Residence

A Non-Resident Holder will not become resident, or be deemed to be resident, in the Netherlands solely as a result of holding a Share or of the execution, performance, delivery and/or enforcement of rights in respect of the Shares.

3.5 Annual Securities Disclosure Report

The list of the following announcements comprises the regulatory disclosures relating to price sensitive information which can be accessed through the Company's website at www.eads.com:

Press release First Quarter 2006 Results	16 th May 2006
Press release – Revised A380 delivery schedule expected not to impact EADS' EBIT 2006	13 th June 2006
Press release – EADS Board of Directors appointed Louis Gallois to join Tom Enders as Chief Executive Officer	2 nd July 2006
Press release – EADS confirms price determination for BAE Systems' stake in Airbus	2 nd July 2006
Press release First Half 2006 Results	27 th July 2006
Press release – EADS and Airbus finalise A380 review	3 rd October 2006
Press release – EADS Board of Directors changes significantly the management structure of EADS	9 th October 2006
Press release Third Quarter 2006 Results	8 th November 2006
Press release – A350XWB launch EADS gives go ahead for Airbus to launch the A350XWB	1 st December 2006
Press release – Airbus 2006 Results	17 th January 2007
Press release – 2006 Annual Results	9 th March 2007

In addition, EADS publishes announcements made in the ordinary course of business which are also available through its website at www.eads.com.

This section constitutes the annual securities disclosure report in application Article 10 of the EC Directive 2003/71.